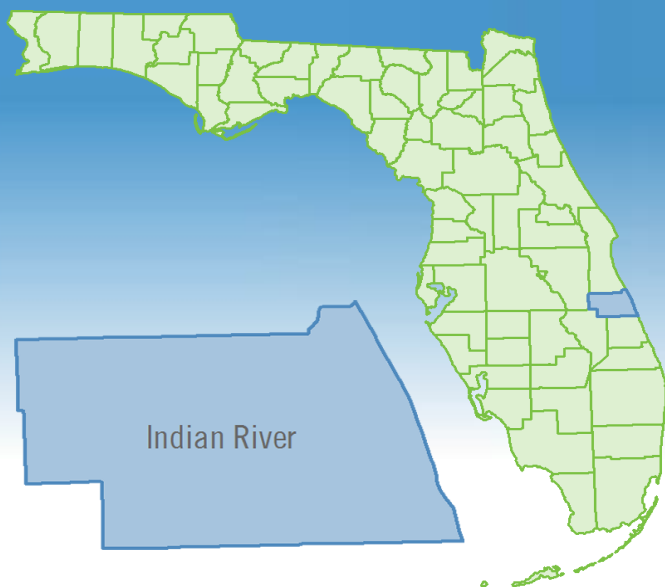


Monthly Market Detail - July 2016

Townhouses and Condos

Indian River County



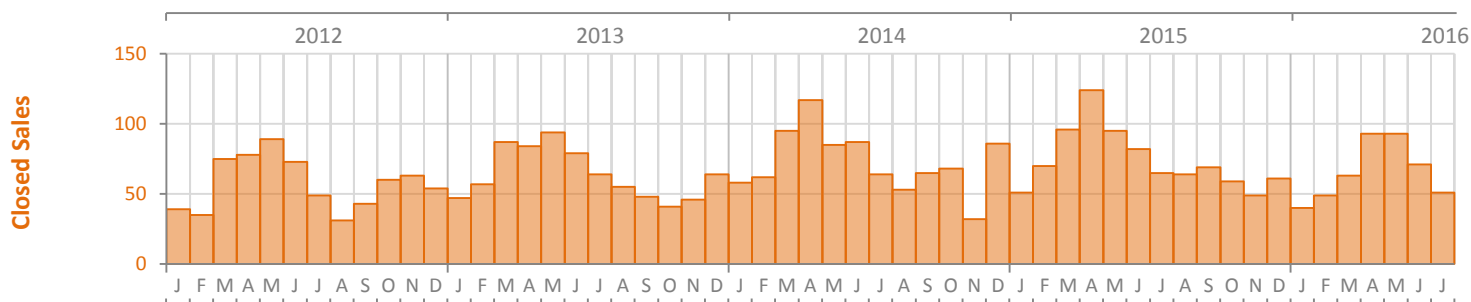
Summary Statistics	July 2016	July 2015	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Closed Sales	51	65	-21.5%
Paid in Cash	32	46	-30.4%
Median Sale Price	\$173,000	\$105,000	64.8%
Average Sale Price	\$249,310	\$148,203	68.2%
Dollar Volume	\$12.7 Million	\$9.6 Million	32.0%
Median Percent of Original List Price Received	91.2%	94.5%	-3.5%
Median Time to Contract	70 Days	64 Days	9.4%
Median Time to Sale	122 Days	105 Days	16.2%
New Pending Sales	47	70	-32.9%
New Listings	45	81	-44.4%
Pending Inventory	73	113	-35.4%
Inventory (Active Listings)	320	288	11.1%
Months Supply of Inventory	5.0	3.9	28.2%

Closed Sales

The number of sales transactions which closed during the month

Economists' note: Closed Sales are one of the simplest—yet most important—indicators for the residential real estate market. When comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we recommend comparing the percent changes in sales rather than the number of sales. Closed Sales (and many other market metrics) are affected by seasonal cycles, so actual trends are more accurately represented by year-over-year changes (i.e. comparing a month's sales to the amount of sales in the same month in the previous year), rather than changes from one month to the next.

Month	Closed Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
July 2016	51	-21.5%
June 2016	71	-13.4%
May 2016	93	-2.1%
April 2016	93	-25.0%
March 2016	63	-34.4%
February 2016	49	-30.0%
January 2016	40	-21.6%
December 2015	61	-29.1%
November 2015	49	53.1%
October 2015	59	-13.2%
September 2015	69	6.2%
August 2015	64	20.8%
July 2015	65	1.6%



Monthly Market Detail - July 2016

Townhouses and Condos

Indian River County

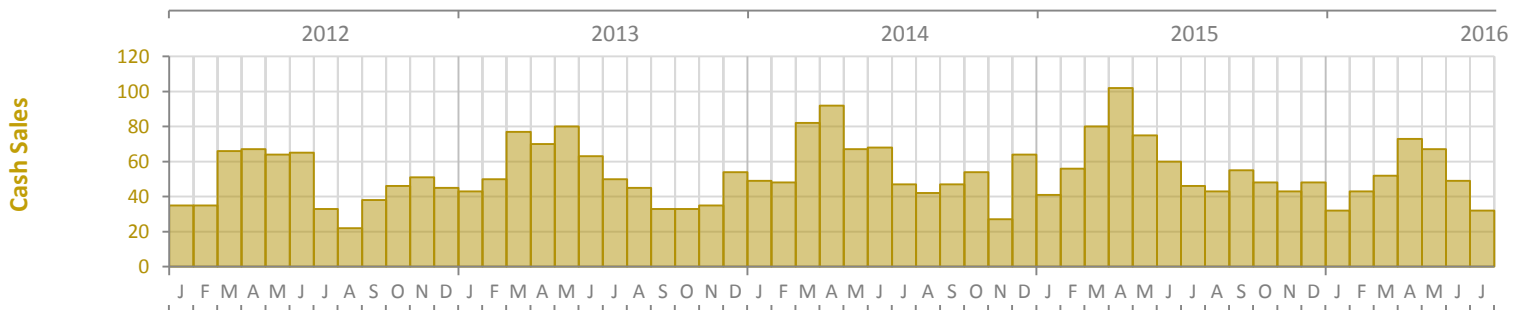


Cash Sales

The number of Closed Sales during the month in which buyers exclusively paid in cash

Economists' note: Cash Sales can be a useful indicator of the extent to which investors are participating in the market. Why? Investors are far more likely to have the funds to purchase a home available up front, whereas the typical homebuyer requires a mortgage or some other form of financing. There are, of course, many possible exceptions, so this statistic should be interpreted with care.

Month	Cash Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
July 2016	32	-30.4%
June 2016	49	-18.3%
May 2016	67	-10.7%
April 2016	73	-28.4%
March 2016	52	-35.0%
February 2016	43	-23.2%
January 2016	32	-22.0%
December 2015	48	-25.0%
November 2015	43	59.3%
October 2015	48	-11.1%
September 2015	55	17.0%
August 2015	43	2.4%
July 2015	46	-2.1%

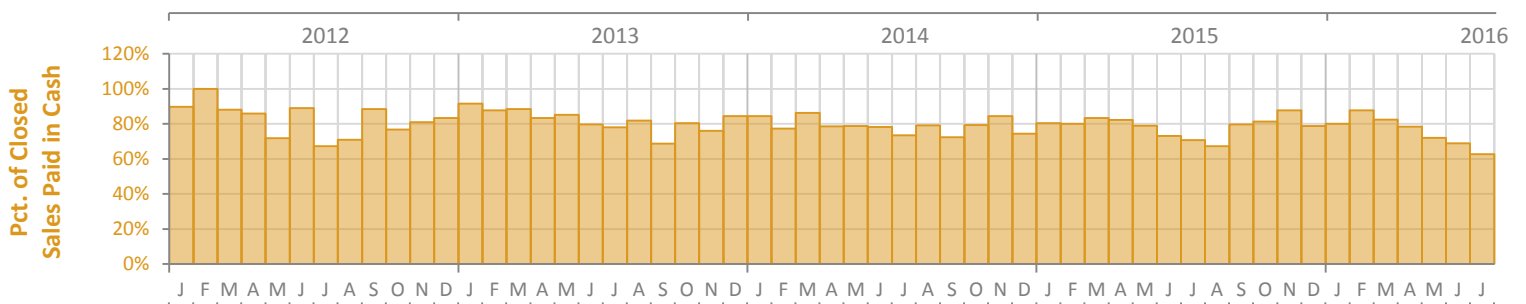


Cash Sales as a Percentage of Closed Sales

The percentage of Closed Sales during the month which were Cash Sales

Economists' note: This statistic is simply another way of viewing Cash Sales. The remaining percentages of Closed Sales (i.e. those not paid fully in cash) each month involved some sort of financing, such as mortgages, owner/seller financing, assumed loans, etc.

Month	Percent of Closed Sales Paid in Cash	Percent Change Year-over-Year
July 2016	62.7%	-11.4%
June 2016	69.0%	-5.7%
May 2016	72.0%	-8.7%
April 2016	78.5%	-4.6%
March 2016	82.5%	-1.0%
February 2016	87.8%	9.7%
January 2016	80.0%	-0.5%
December 2015	78.7%	5.8%
November 2015	87.8%	4.0%
October 2015	81.4%	2.5%
September 2015	79.7%	10.2%
August 2015	67.2%	-15.2%
July 2015	70.8%	-3.5%



Monthly Market Detail - July 2016

Townhouses and Condos

Indian River County

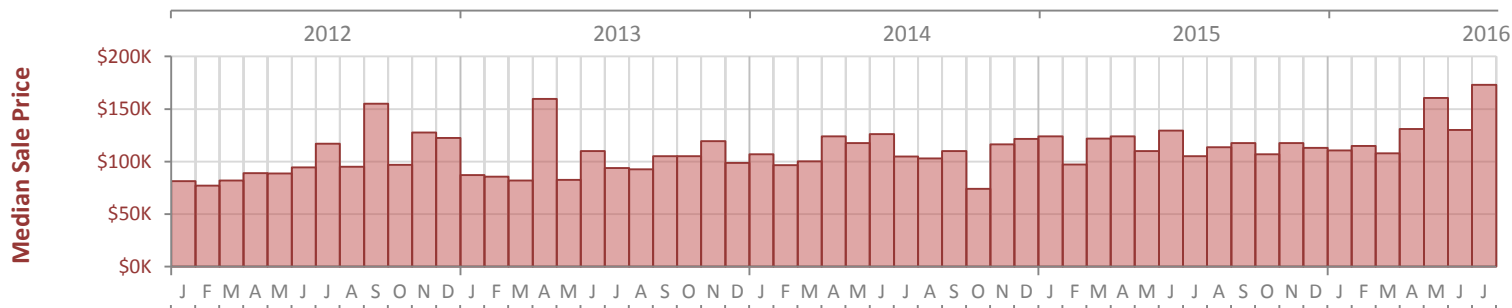


Median Sale Price

The median sale price reported for the month (i.e. 50% of sales were above and 50% of sales were below)

Economists' note: Median Sale Price is our preferred summary statistic for price activity because, unlike Average Sale Price, Median Sale Price is not sensitive to high sale prices for small numbers of homes that may not be characteristic of the market area. Keep in mind that median price trends over time are not always solely caused by changes in the general value of local real estate. Median sale price only reflects the values of the homes that *sold* each month, and the mix of the types of homes that sell can change over time.

Month	Median Sale Price	Percent Change Year-over-Year
July 2016	\$173,000	64.8%
June 2016	\$130,000	0.4%
May 2016	\$160,500	45.9%
April 2016	\$131,000	5.6%
March 2016	\$108,000	-11.5%
February 2016	\$115,000	18.3%
January 2016	\$110,500	-10.9%
December 2015	\$113,000	-7.0%
November 2015	\$117,500	0.9%
October 2015	\$107,000	44.6%
September 2015	\$117,500	6.8%
August 2015	\$113,500	10.2%
July 2015	\$105,000	0.2%

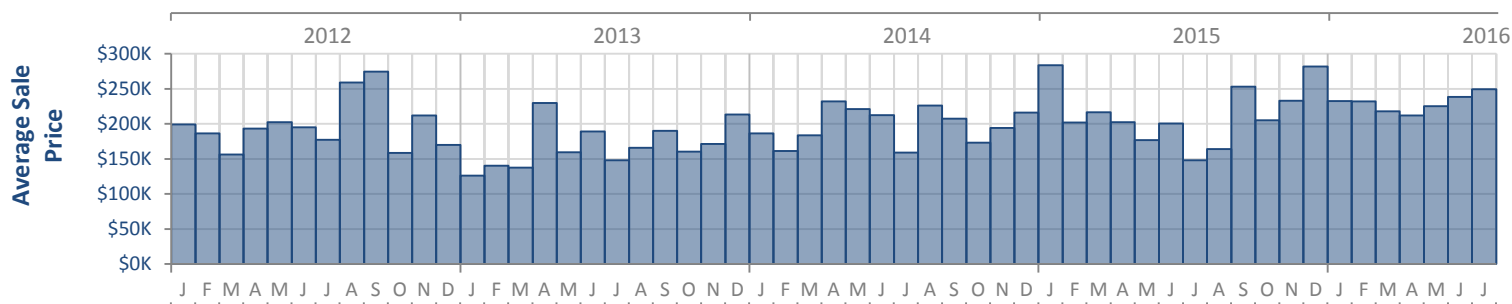


Average Sale Price

The average sale price reported for the month (i.e. total sales in dollars divided by the number of sales)

Economists' note: Usually, we prefer Median Sale Price over Average Sale Price as a summary statistic for home prices. However, Average Sale Price does have its uses—particularly when it is analyzed alongside the Median Sale Price. For one, the relative difference between the two statistics can provide some insight into the market for higher-end homes in an area.

Month	Average Sale Price	Percent Change Year-over-Year
July 2016	\$249,310	68.2%
June 2016	\$238,279	18.9%
May 2016	\$225,415	27.5%
April 2016	\$211,796	4.7%
March 2016	\$217,756	0.4%
February 2016	\$232,048	14.9%
January 2016	\$232,331	-18.1%
December 2015	\$281,873	30.4%
November 2015	\$232,960	19.8%
October 2015	\$205,188	18.3%
September 2015	\$252,916	22.1%
August 2015	\$164,224	-27.4%
July 2015	\$148,203	-6.8%



Monthly Market Detail - July 2016

Townhouses and Condos

Indian River County

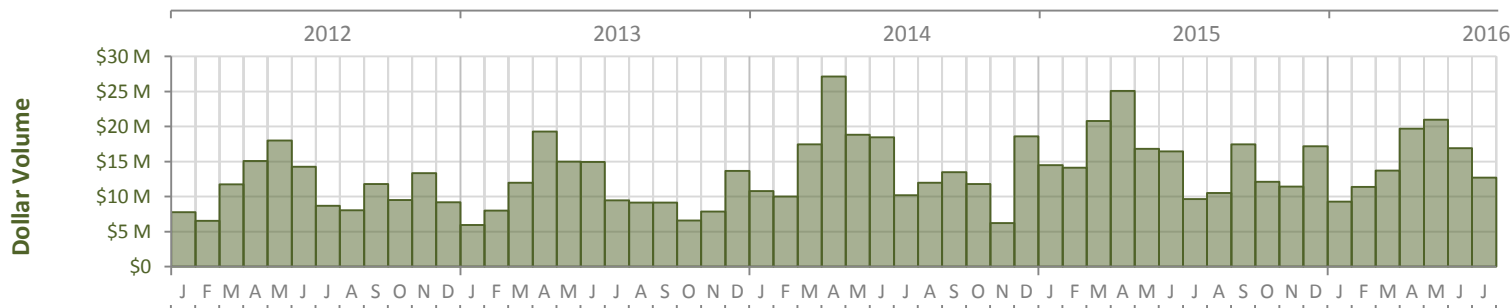


Dollar Volume

The sum of the sale prices for all sales which closed during the month

Economists' note: Dollar Volume is simply the sum of all sale prices in a given time period, and can quickly be calculated by multiplying Closed Sales by Average Sale Price. It is a strong indicator of the health of the real estate industry in a market, and is of particular interest to real estate professionals, investors, analysts, and government agencies. Potential home sellers and home buyers, on the other hand, will likely be better served by paying attention to trends in the two components of Dollar Volume (i.e. sales and prices) individually.

Month	Dollar Volume	Percent Change Year-over-Year
July 2016	\$12.7 Million	32.0%
June 2016	\$16.9 Million	3.0%
May 2016	\$21.0 Million	24.8%
April 2016	\$19.7 Million	-21.5%
March 2016	\$13.7 Million	-34.1%
February 2016	\$11.4 Million	-19.6%
January 2016	\$9.3 Million	-35.8%
December 2015	\$17.2 Million	-7.5%
November 2015	\$11.4 Million	83.5%
October 2015	\$12.1 Million	2.7%
September 2015	\$17.5 Million	29.6%
August 2015	\$10.5 Million	-12.3%
July 2015	\$9.6 Million	-5.4%

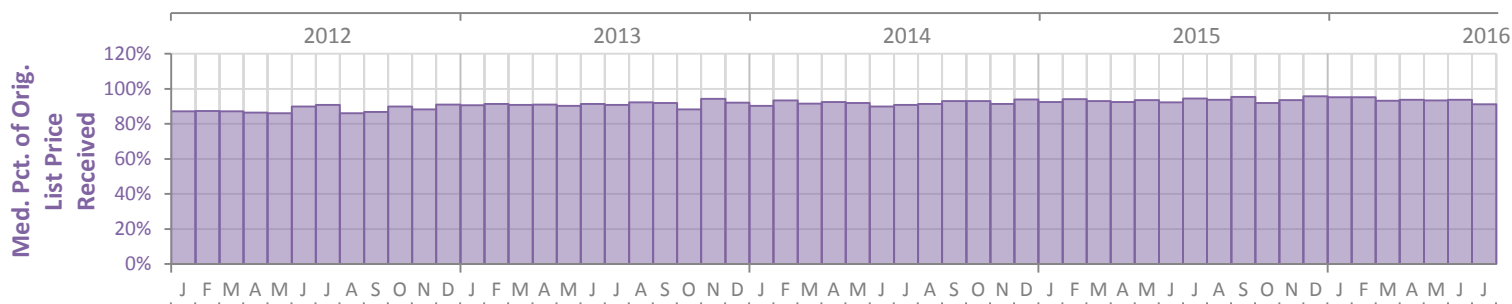


Median Percent of Original List Price Received

The median of the sale price (as a percentage of the original list price) across all properties selling during the month

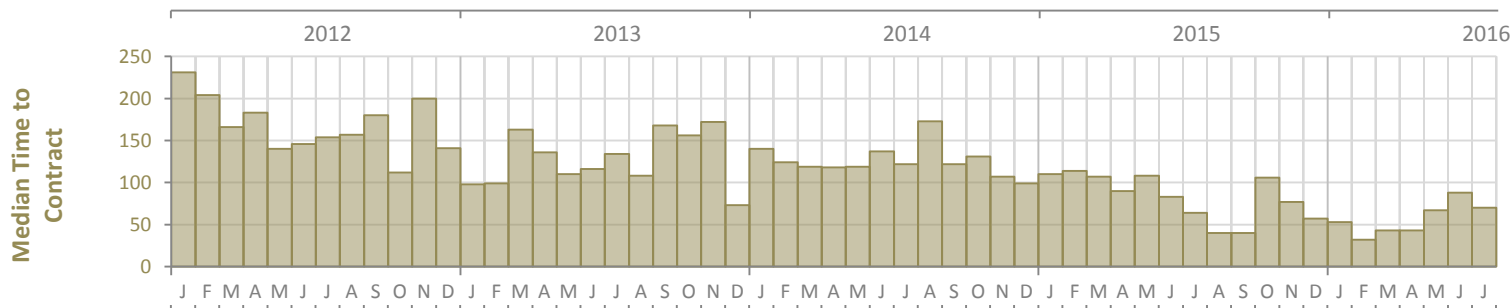
Economists' note: The Median Percent of Original List Price Received is useful as an indicator of market recovery, since it typically rises as buyers realize that the market may be moving away from them and they need to match the selling price (or better it) in order to get a contract on the house. This is usually the last measure to indicate a market has shifted from down to up, so it is what we would call a *lagging* indicator.

Month	Med. Pct. of Orig. List Price Received	Percent Change Year-over-Year
July 2016	91.2%	-3.5%
June 2016	93.8%	1.6%
May 2016	93.4%	-0.1%
April 2016	93.7%	1.3%
March 2016	93.2%	0.2%
February 2016	95.2%	1.2%
January 2016	95.2%	3.0%
December 2015	95.8%	1.9%
November 2015	93.6%	2.5%
October 2015	92.0%	-1.1%
September 2015	95.4%	2.5%
August 2015	93.8%	2.6%
July 2015	94.5%	4.1%



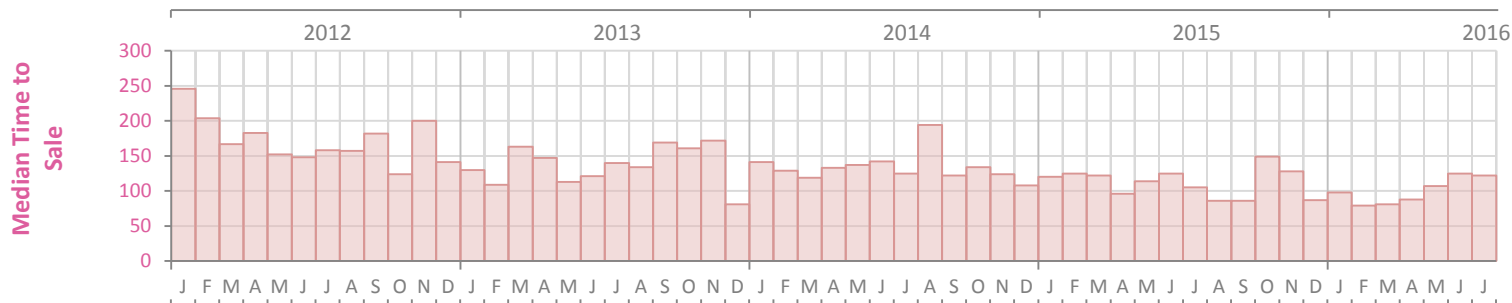
The median number of days between the listing date and contract date for all Closed Sales during the month

Month	Median Time to Contract	Percent Change Year-over-Year
July 2016	70 Days	9.4%
June 2016	88 Days	6.0%
May 2016	67 Days	-38.0%
April 2016	43 Days	-52.2%
March 2016	43 Days	-59.8%
February 2016	32 Days	-71.9%
January 2016	53 Days	-51.8%
December 2015	57 Days	-42.4%
November 2015	77 Days	-28.0%
October 2015	106 Days	-19.1%
September 2015	40 Days	-67.2%
August 2015	40 Days	-76.9%
July 2015	64 Days	-47.5%



The median number of days between the listing date and closing date for all Closed Sales during the month

Month	Median Time to Sale	Percent Change Year-over-Year
July 2016	122 Days	16.2%
June 2016	125 Days	0.0%
May 2016	107 Days	-6.1%
April 2016	88 Days	-8.3%
March 2016	81 Days	-33.6%
February 2016	79 Days	-36.8%
January 2016	98 Days	-18.3%
December 2015	87 Days	-19.4%
November 2015	128 Days	3.2%
October 2015	149 Days	11.2%
September 2015	86 Days	-29.5%
August 2015	86 Days	-55.7%
July 2015	105 Days	-16.0%

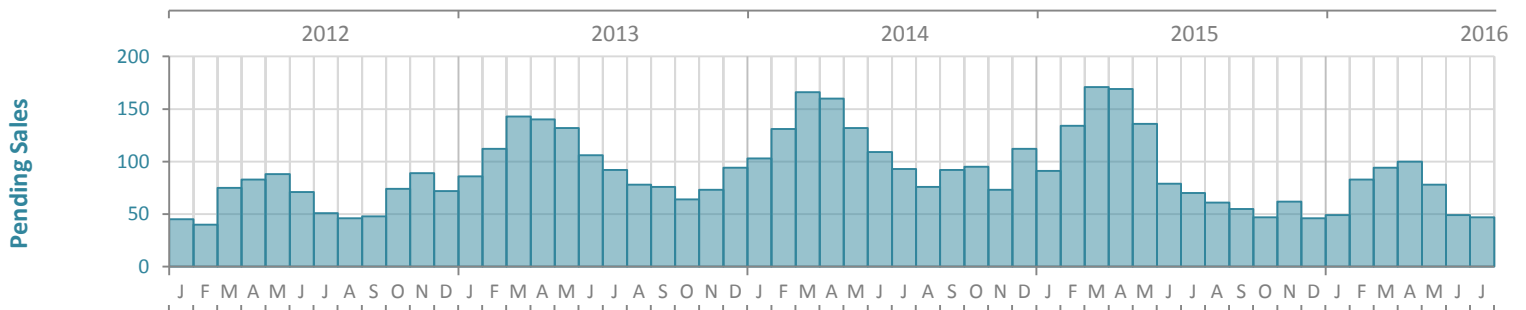


New Pending Sales

The number of listed properties that went under contract during the month

Economists' note: Because of the typical length of time it takes for a sale to close, economists consider Pending Sales to be a decent indicator of potential future Closed Sales. It is important to bear in mind, however, that not all Pending Sales will be closed successfully. So, the effectiveness of Pending Sales as a future indicator of Closed Sales is susceptible to changes in market conditions such as the availability of financing for homebuyers and the inventory of distressed properties for sale.

Month	New Pending Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
July 2016	47	-32.9%
June 2016	49	-38.0%
May 2016	78	-42.6%
April 2016	100	-40.8%
March 2016	94	-45.0%
February 2016	83	-38.1%
January 2016	49	-46.2%
December 2015	46	-58.9%
November 2015	62	-15.1%
October 2015	47	-50.5%
September 2015	55	-40.2%
August 2015	61	-19.7%
July 2015	70	-24.7%

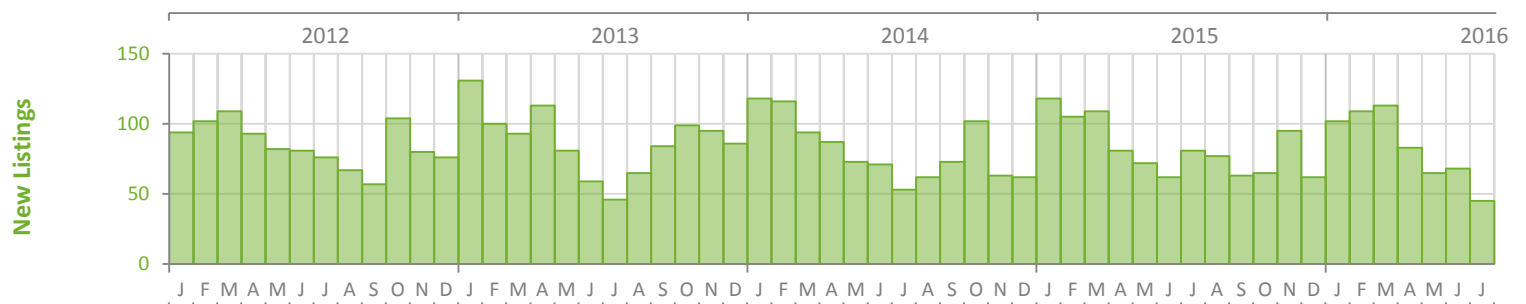


New Listings

The number of properties put onto the market during the month

Economists' note: New Listings tend to rise in delayed response to increasing prices, so they are often seen as a lagging indicator of market health. As prices rise, potential sellers raise their estimations of value—and in the most recent cycle, rising prices have freed up many potential sellers who were previously underwater on their mortgages. Note that in our calculations, we take care to not include properties that were recently taken off the market and quickly relisted, since these are not really *new* listings.

Month	New Listings	Percent Change Year-over-Year
July 2016	45	-44.4%
June 2016	68	9.7%
May 2016	65	-9.7%
April 2016	83	2.5%
March 2016	113	3.7%
February 2016	109	3.8%
January 2016	102	-13.6%
December 2015	62	0.0%
November 2015	95	50.8%
October 2015	65	-36.3%
September 2015	63	-13.7%
August 2015	77	24.2%
July 2015	81	52.8%



Monthly Market Detail - July 2016

Townhouses and Condos

Indian River County

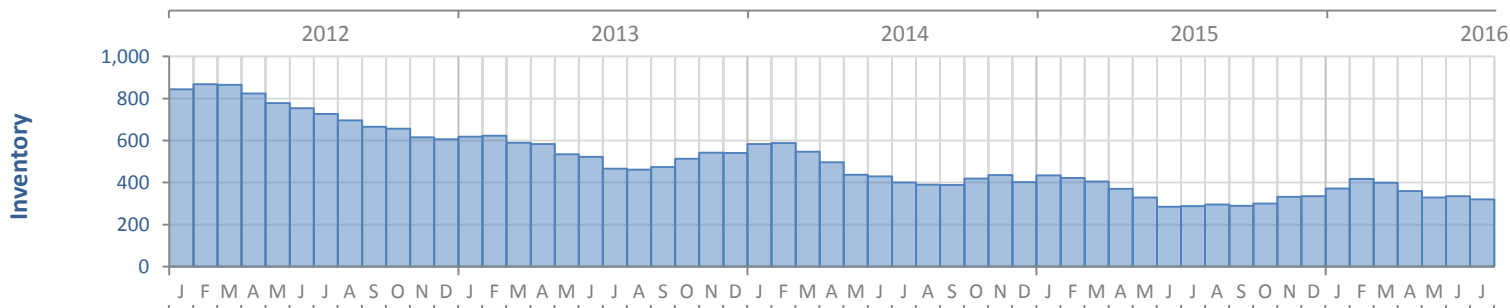


Inventory (Active Listings)

The number of property listings active at the end of the month

Economists' note: There are a number of ways to define and calculate Inventory. Our method is to simply count the number of active listings on the last day of the month, and hold this number to compare with the same month the following year. Inventory rises when New Listings are outpacing the number of listings that go off-market (regardless of whether they actually sell). Likewise, it falls when New Listings aren't keeping up with the rate at which homes are going off-market.

Month	Inventory	Percent Change Year-over-Year
July 2016	320	11.1%
June 2016	336	17.9%
May 2016	329	0.0%
April 2016	360	-3.0%
March 2016	399	-1.5%
February 2016	417	-1.2%
January 2016	372	-14.3%
December 2015	335	-16.7%
November 2015	332	-23.9%
October 2015	300	-28.4%
September 2015	289	-25.5%
August 2015	296	-24.1%
July 2015	288	-28.0%

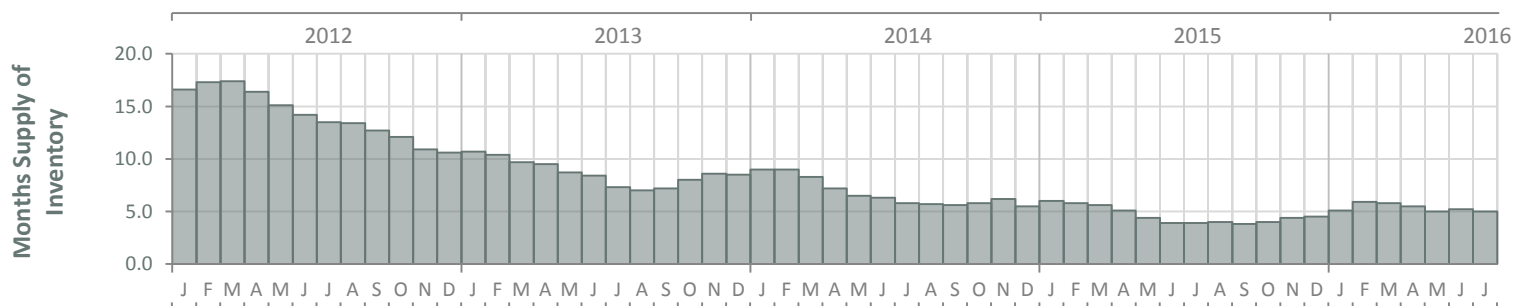


Months Supply of Inventory

An estimate of the number of months it will take to deplete the current Inventory given recent sales rates

Economists' note: MSI is a useful indicator of market conditions. The benchmark for a balanced market (favoring neither buyer nor seller) is 5.5 months of inventory. Anything higher is traditionally a buyers' market, and anything lower is a sellers' market. There is no single accepted way of calculating MSI. A common method is to divide current Inventory by the most recent month's Closed Sales count, but this count is a usually poor predictor of future Closed Sales due to seasonal cycles. To eliminate seasonal effects, we use the 12-month average of monthly Closed Sales instead.

Month	Months Supply	Percent Change Year-over-Year
July 2016	5.0	28.2%
June 2016	5.2	33.3%
May 2016	5.0	13.6%
April 2016	5.5	7.8%
March 2016	5.8	3.6%
February 2016	5.9	1.7%
January 2016	5.1	-15.0%
December 2015	4.5	-18.2%
November 2015	4.4	-29.0%
October 2015	4.0	-31.0%
September 2015	3.8	-32.1%
August 2015	4.0	-29.8%
July 2015	3.9	-32.8%



Monthly Market Detail - July 2016

Townhouses and Condos

Indian River County

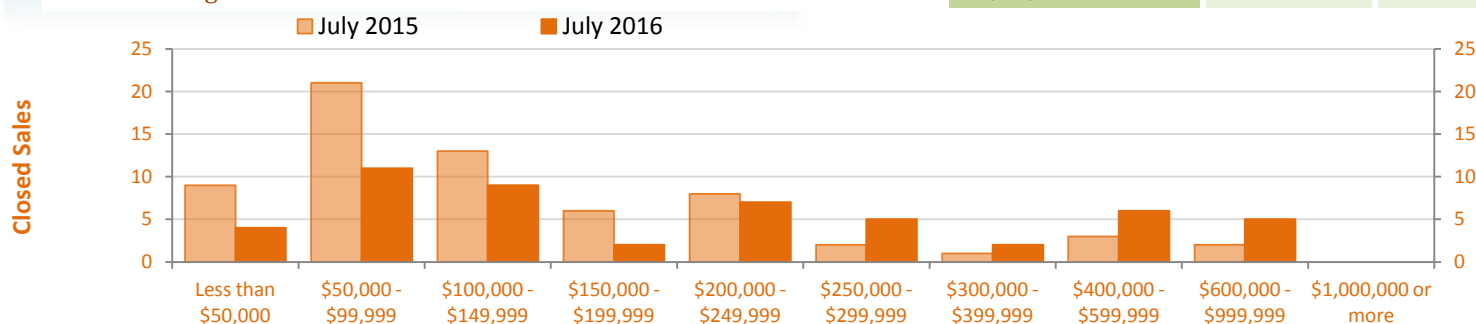


Closed Sales by Sale Price

The number of sales transactions which closed during the month

Economists' note: Closed Sales are one of the simplest—yet most important—indicators for the residential real estate market. When comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we recommend comparing the percent changes in sales rather than the number of sales. Closed Sales (and many other market metrics) are affected by seasonal cycles, so actual trends are more accurately represented by year-over-year changes (i.e. comparing a month's sales to the amount of sales in the same month in the previous year), rather than changes from one month to the next.

Sale Price	Closed Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	4	-55.6%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	11	-47.6%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	9	-30.8%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	2	-66.7%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	7	-12.5%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	5	150.0%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	2	100.0%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	6	100.0%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	5	150.0%
\$1,000,000 or more	0	N/A

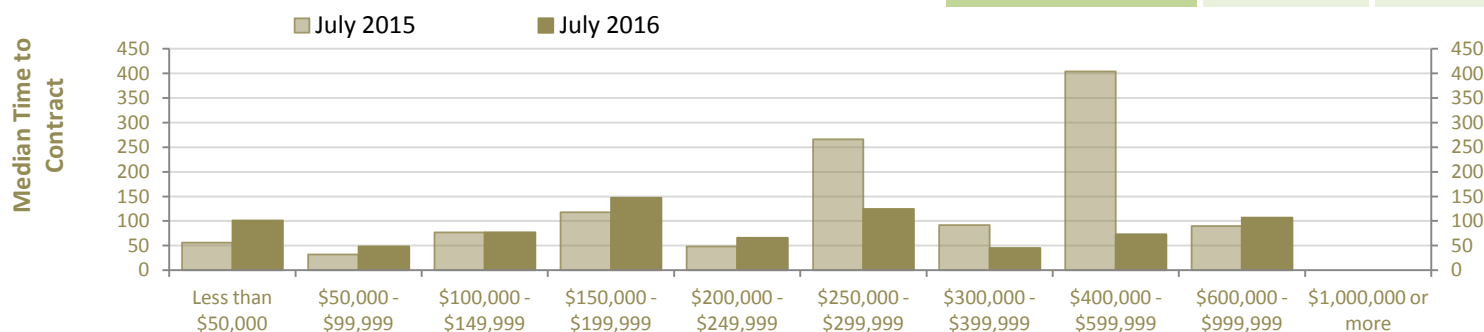


Median Time to Contract by Sale Price

The median number of days between the listing date and contract date for all Closed Sales during the month

Economists' note: Like Time to Sale, Time to Contract is a measure of the length of the home selling process calculated for sales which closed during the month. The difference is that Time to Contract measures the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the signing of the contract which eventually led to the closing of the sale. When the gap between Median Time to Contract and Median Time to Sale grows, it is usually a sign of longer closing times and/or declining numbers of cash sales.

Sale Price	Median Time to Contract	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	101 Days	80.4%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	48 Days	50.0%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	77 Days	0.0%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	147 Days	24.6%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	66 Days	37.5%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	124 Days	-53.4%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	45 Days	-51.1%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	73 Days	-81.9%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	107 Days	18.9%
\$1,000,000 or more	(No Sales)	N/A

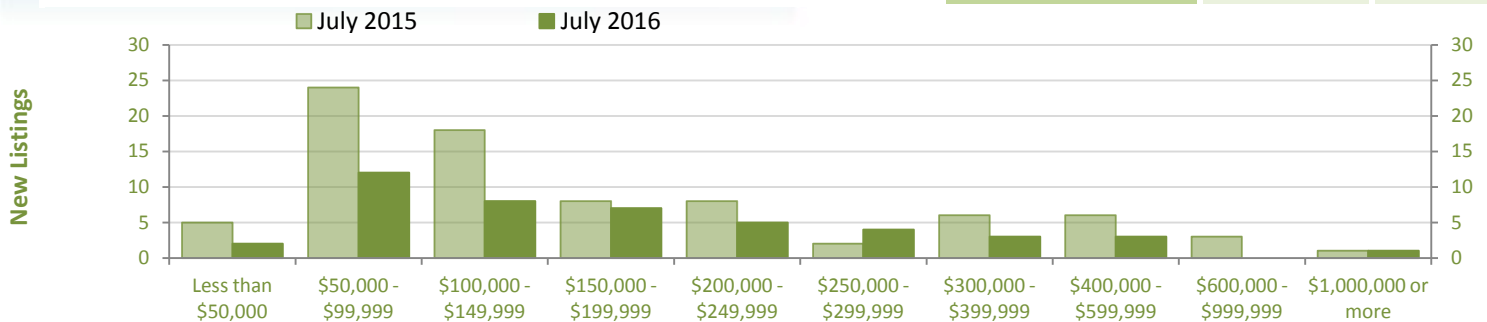


New Listings by Initial Listing Price

The number of properties put onto the market during the month

Economists' note: New Listings tend to rise in delayed response to increasing prices, so they are often seen as a lagging indicator of market health. As prices rise, potential sellers raise their estimations of value—and in the most recent cycle, rising prices have freed up many potential sellers who were previously underwater on their mortgages. Note that in our calculations, we take care to not include properties that were recently taken off the market and quickly relisted, since these are not really *new* listings.

Initial Listing Price	New Listings	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	2	-60.0%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	12	-50.0%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	8	-55.6%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	7	-12.5%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	5	-37.5%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	4	100.0%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	3	-50.0%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	3	-50.0%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	0	-100.0%
\$1,000,000 or more	1	0.0%

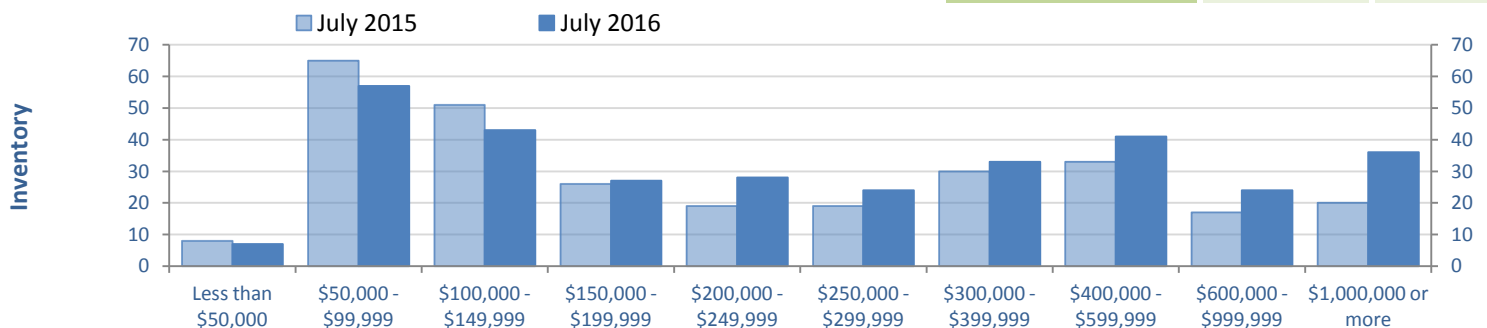


Inventory by Current Listing Price

The number of property listings active at the end of the month

Economists' note: There are a number of ways to define and calculate Inventory. Our method is to simply count the number of active listings on the last day of the month, and hold this number to compare with the same month the following year. Inventory rises when New Listings are outpacing the number of listings that go off-market (regardless of whether they actually sell). Likewise, it falls when New Listings aren't keeping up with the rate at which homes are going off-market.

Current Listing Price	Inventory	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	7	-12.5%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	57	-12.3%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	43	-15.7%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	27	3.8%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	28	47.4%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	24	26.3%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	33	10.0%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	41	24.2%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	24	41.2%
\$1,000,000 or more	36	80.0%



Monthly Distressed Market - July 2016

Townhouses and Condos

Indian River County



		July 2016	July 2015	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Traditional	Closed Sales	49	64	-23.4%
	Median Sale Price	\$200,000	\$107,500	86.0%
Foreclosure/REO	Closed Sales	1	1	0.0%
	Median Sale Price	\$36,000	\$59,000	-39.0%
Short Sale	Closed Sales	1	0	N/A
	Median Sale Price	\$40,000	(No Sales)	N/A

