

Percent Change

Year-over-Year

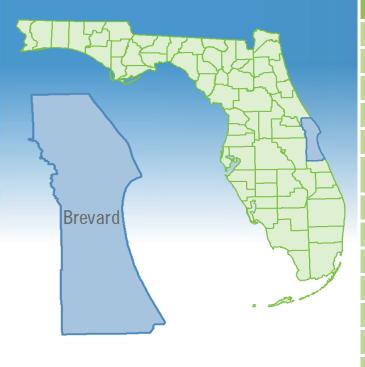
2.8% 24.8%

7.7%

17.3%

-11.2%

-3.7%



Summary Statistics	February 2017	February 2016	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Closed Sales	185	180	2.8%
Paid in Cash	109	112	-2.7%
Median Sale Price	\$139,900	\$143,232	-2.3%
Average Sale Price	\$185,296	\$187,784	-1.3%
Dollar Volume	\$34.3 Million	\$33.8 Million	1.4%
Median Percent of Original List Price Received	95.0%	95.3%	-0.3%
Median Time to Contract	40 Days	43 Days	-7.0%
Median Time to Sale	75 Days	89 Days	-15.7%
New Pending Sales	237	265	-10.6%
New Listings	330	316	4.4%
Pending Inventory	364	386	-5.7%
Inventory (Active Listings)	873	930	-6.1%
Months Supply of Inventory	3.9	4.1	-4.9%

Closed Sales	Month	Closed Sales
	February 2017	185
The number of sales transactions which closed during	January 2017	186
the month	December 2016	223
	November 2016	203
Economists' note: Closed Sales are one of the simplest-yet most	October 2016	183
important—indicators for the residential real estate market. When	September 2016	220
comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we	August 2016	258
recommend comparing the percent changes in sales rather than the	July 2016	189
number of sales. Closed Sales (and many other market metrics) are	June 2016	264
affected by seasonal cycles, so actual trends are more accurately	May 2016	265

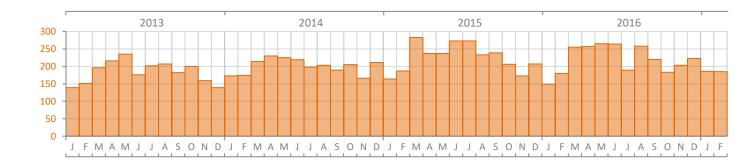
represented by year-over-year changes (i.e. comparing a month's sales to the amount of sales in the same month in the previous year),

rather than changes from one month to the next.

September 2016	220	-7.9%
August 2016	258	10.7%
July 2016	189	-30.8%
June 2016	264	-3.3%
May 2016	265	11.8%
April 2016	257	8.4%
March 2016	255	-9.9%

180

February 2016





5.5%

-6.8%

-26.0%

-12.5%

Cash Sales	Month	Cash Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
	February 2017	109	-2.7%
The number of Closed Sales during the month in which	January 2017	114	40.7%
buyers exclusively paid in cash	December 2016	133	9.0%
buyers exclusively paid in cash	November 2016	119	13.3%
	October 2016	93	-24.4%
<i>Economists' note</i> : Cash Sales can be a useful indicator of the extent to which investors are participating in the market. Why? Investors are far more likely to have the funds to purchase a home available up front sub-space the trained home available	September 2016	135	-2.2%
	August 2016	150	4.9%
	July 2016	100	-37.1%
	June 2016	141	-22.1%
front, whereas the typical homebuyer requires a mortgage or some	May 2016	150	F F0/

May 2016

April 2016

March 2016

February 2016

Cash Sales as a Percentage of Closed Sales The percentage of Closed Sales during the month which were Cash Sales

other form of financing. There are, of course, many possible

exceptions, so this statistic should be interpreted with care.

Economists' note : This statistic is simply another way of viewing Cash Sales. The remaining percentages of Closed Sales (i.e. those not paid fully in cash) each month involved some sort of financing, such as mortgages, owner/seller financing, assumed loans, etc.

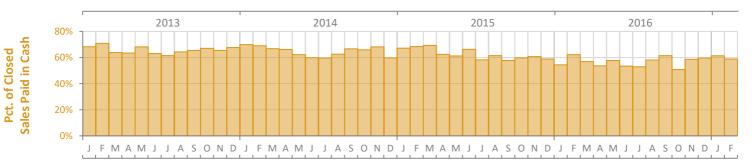
Month	Percent of Closed Sales Paid in Cash	Percent Change Year-over-Year
February 2017	58.9%	-5.3%
January 2017	61.3%	12.7%
December 2016	59.6%	1.2%
November 2016	58.6%	-3.5%
October 2016	50.8%	-14.9%
September 2016	61.4%	6.4%
August 2016	58.1%	-5.4%
July 2016	52.9%	-9.1%
June 2016	53.4%	-19.5%
May 2016	57.7%	-5.7%
April 2016	53.7%	-13.9%
March 2016	56.9%	-17.9%
February 2016	62.2%	-9.1%

153

138

145

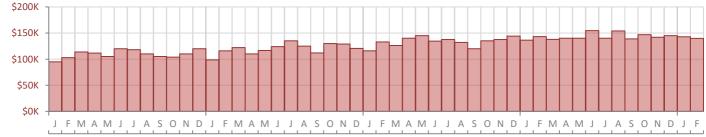
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Percent Change

Median Sale Price	Month	Median Sale Price	Year-over-Year
	February 2017	\$139,900	-2.3%
The median sale price reported for the month (i.e. 50%	January 2017	\$143,000	4.8%
of sales were above and 50% of sales were below)	December 2016	\$145,000	0.5%
of sales were above and solve of sales were belowy	November 2016	\$142,000	3.3%
Economists' note: Median Sale Price is our preferred summary	October 2016	\$147,000	8.9%
statistic for price activity because, unlike Average Sale Price, Median	September 2016	\$138,700	15.6%
Sale Price is not sensitive to high sale prices for small numbers of	August 2016	\$154,000	16.7%
homes that may not be characteristic of the market area. Keep in	July 2016	\$140,000	1.8%
mind that median price trends over time are not always solely caused	June 2016	\$154,500	14.9%
by changes in the general value of local real estate. Median sale price	May 2016	\$140,000	-3.4%
only reflects the values of the homes that <i>sold</i> each month, and the	April 2016	\$140,000	0.0%
mix of the types of homes that sell can change over time.	March 2016	\$138,000	9.5%
him of the types of nomes that sen can change over third	February 2016	\$143,232	7.7%
	2015	2016	
\$200K 2013 2014	2015	2016	

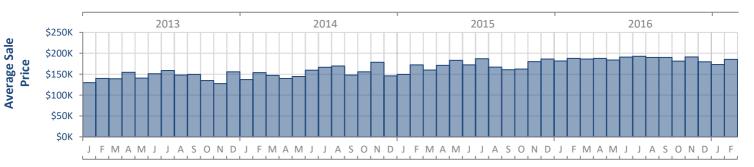


Average Sale Price

The average sale price reported for the month (i.e. total sales in dollars divided by the number of sales)

Economists' note: Usually, we prefer Median Sale Price over Average Sale Price as a summary statistic for home prices. However, Average Sale Price does have its uses—particularly when it is analyzed alongside the Median Sale Price. For one, the relative difference between the two statistics can provide some insight into the market for higher-end homes in an area.

Month	Average Sale Price	Percent Change Year-over-Year
February 2017	\$185,296	-1.3%
January 2017	\$173,235	-4.5%
December 2016	\$179,481	-3.7%
November 2016	\$191,076	6.1%
October 2016	\$181,287	11.7%
September 2016	\$190,229	18.3%
August 2016	\$189,955	13.7%
July 2016	\$192,742	3.0%
June 2016	\$190,807	10.9%
May 2016	\$183,692	0.4%
April 2016	\$187,727	9.8%
March 2016	\$186,200	16.5%
February 2016	\$187,784	9.0%



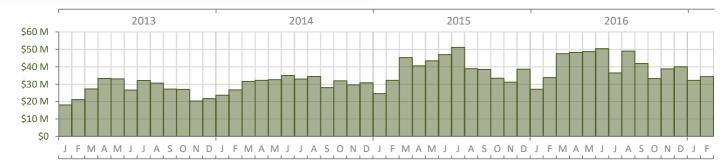
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Dollar Volume

The sum of the sale prices for all sales which closed during the month

Economists' note : Dollar Volume is simply the sum of all sale prices in a given time period, and can quickly be calculated by multiplying Closed Sales by Average Sale Price. It is a strong indicator of the health of the real estate industry in a market, and is of particular interest to real estate professionals, investors, analysts, and government agencies. Potential home sellers and home buyers, on the other hand, will likely be better served by paying attention to trends in the two components of Dollar Volume (i.e. sales and prices) individually.

Month	Dollar Volume	Percent Change Year-over-Year
February 2017	\$34.3 Million	1.4%
January 2017	\$32.2 Million	19.2%
December 2016	\$40.0 Million	3.8%
November 2016	\$38.8 Million	24.5%
October 2016	\$33.2 Million	-0.8%
September 2016	\$41.9 Million	8.9%
August 2016	\$49.0 Million	26.0%
July 2016	\$36.4 Million	-28.7%
June 2016	\$50.4 Million	7.2%
May 2016	\$48.7 Million	12.2%
April 2016	\$48.2 Million	19.1%
March 2016	\$47.5 Million	5.0%
February 2016	\$33.8 Million	5.0%

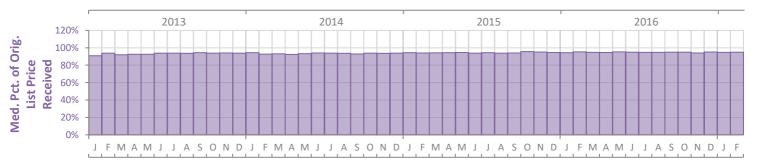


Median Percent of Original List Price Received

The median of the sale price (as a percentage of the original list price) across all properties selling during the month

Economists' note: The Median Percent of Original List Price Received is useful as an indicator of market recovery, since it typically rises as buyers realize that the market may be moving away from them and they need to match the selling price (or better it) in order to get a contract on the house. This is usually the last measure to indicate a market has shifted from down to up, so it is what we would call a *lagging* indicator.

Month	Med. Pct. of Orig. List Price Received	Percent Change Year-over-Year
February 2017	95.0%	-0.3%
January 2017	94.8%	0.4%
December 2016	95.1%	0.6%
November 2016	94.0%	-1.3%
October 2016	94.9%	-0.7%
September 2016	95.0%	1.1%
August 2016	94.8%	1.0%
July 2016	94.8%	0.4%
June 2016	94.9%	1.1%
May 2016	95.4%	0.8%
April 2016	94.6%	0.2%
March 2016	94.8%	0.6%
February 2016	95.3%	1.3%

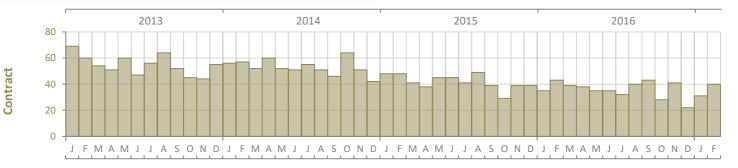


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Median Time to ContractMonthMedian Time to
ContractPercent C
Year-overThe median number of days between the listing date
and contract date for all Closed Sales during the monthJanuary 201740 Days-7.0January 201731 Days-11.4December 201622 Days-43.6November 201641 Days5.15October 201628 Days-3.4September 201628 Days-3.4September 201643 Days10.3Image: September 201643 Days10.3Image: September 201610 Days10.3Image:

of the length of the home selling process calculated for sales which closed during the month. The difference is that Time to Contract measures the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the signing of the contract which eventually led to the closing of the sale. When the gap between Median Time to Contract and Median Time to Sale grows, it is usually a sign of longer closing times and/or declining numbers of cash sales.

Month	Contract	Year-over-Year
February 2017	40 Days	-7.0%
January 2017	31 Days	-11.4%
December 2016	22 Days	-43.6%
November 2016	41 Days	5.1%
October 2016	28 Days	-3.4%
September 2016	43 Days	10.3%
August 2016	40 Days	-18.4%
July 2016	32 Days	-22.0%
June 2016	35 Days	-22.2%
May 2016	35 Days	-22.2%
April 2016	38 Days	0.0%
March 2016	39 Days	-4.9%
February 2016	43 Days	-10.4%



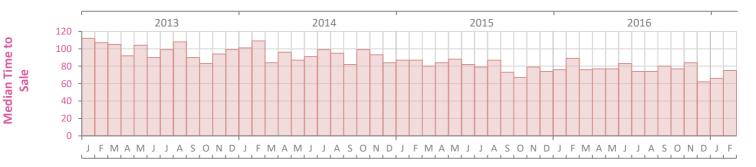
Median Time to Sale

Median Time to

The median number of days between the listing date and closing date for all Closed Sales during the month

Economists' note: Time to Sale is a measure of the length of the home selling process, calculated as the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the closing of the sale. *Median* Time to Sale is the amount of time the "middle" property selling this month was on the market. That is, 50% of homes selling this month took *less* time to sell, and 50% of homes took *more* time to sell. Median Time to Sale gives a more accurate picture than Average Time to Sale, which can be skewed upward by small numbers of properties taking an abnormally long time to sell.

Month	Median Time to Sale	Percent Change Year-over-Year
February 2017	75 Days	-15.7%
January 2017	66 Days	-13.2%
December 2016	62 Days	-16.2%
November 2016	84 Days	6.3%
October 2016	77 Days	14.9%
September 2016	80 Days	9.6%
August 2016	74 Days	-14.9%
July 2016	74 Days	-6.3%
June 2016	83 Days	1.2%
May 2016	77 Days	-12.5%
April 2016	77 Days	-8.3%
March 2016	76 Days	-5.0%
February 2016	89 Days	2.3%

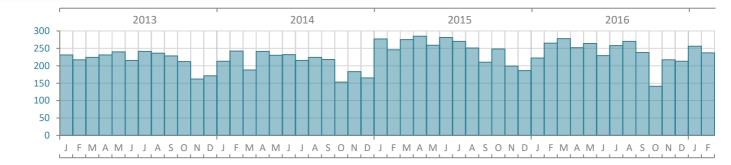


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New Pending Sales	Month	New Pending Sales	Percent Chan Year-over-Ye
	February 2017	237	-10.6%
The number of listed properties that went under	January 2017	256	15.3%
contract during the month	December 2016	213	14.5%
	November 2016	217	9.0%
France intel note. Descurse of the trained length of time it takes for a	October 2016	141	-43.1%
<i>Economists' note</i> : Because of the typical length of time it takes for a	September 2016	228	12 2%

sale to close, economists consider Pending Sales to be a decent indicator of potential future Closed Sales. It is important to bear in mind, however, that not all Pending Sales will be closed successfully. So, the effectiveness of Pending Sales as a future indicator of Closed Sales is susceptible to changes in market conditions such as the availability of financing for homebuyers and the inventory of distressed properties for sale.

Month	New Pending Sales	Year-over-Year
February 2017	237	-10.6%
January 2017	256	15.3%
December 2016	213	14.5%
November 2016	217	9.0%
October 2016	141	-43.1%
September 2016	238	13.3%
August 2016	270	7.6%
July 2016	258	-4.4%
June 2016	229	-18.5%
May 2016	264	1.9%
April 2016	252	-11.6%
March 2016	278	1.1%
February 2016	265	7.7%

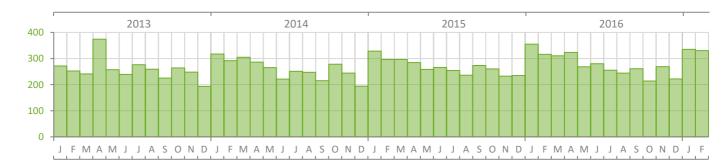


New Listings

The number of properties put onto the market during the month

Economists' note : New Listings tend to rise in delayed response to increasing prices, so they are often seen as a lagging indicator of market health. As prices rise, potential sellers raise their estimations of value—and in the most recent cycle, rising prices have freed up many potential sellers who were previously underwater on their mortgages. Note that in our calculations, we take care to not include properties that were recently taken off the market and quickly relisted, since these are not really *new* listings.

Month	New Listings	Percent Change Year-over-Year
February 2017	330	4.4%
January 2017	335	-5.6%
December 2016	222	-5.5%
November 2016	269	15.9%
October 2016	214	-17.7%
September 2016	261	-4.4%
August 2016	244	3.4%
July 2016	255	0.4%
June 2016	280	5.3%
May 2016	268	3.9%
April 2016	323	13.7%
March 2016	310	4.7%
February 2016	316	6.8%



New Listings

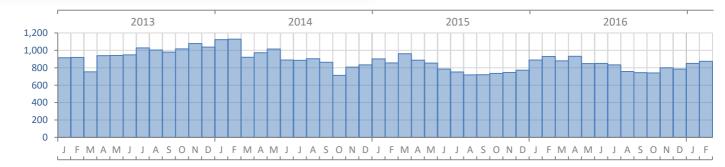


Inventory (Active Listings)

The number of property listings active at the end of the month

Economists' note: There are a number of ways to define and calculate Inventory. Our method is to simply count the number of active listings on the last day of the month, and hold this number to compare with the same month the following year. Inventory rises when New Listings are outpacing the number of listings that go offmarket (regardless of whether they actually sell). Likewise, it falls when New Listings aren't keeping up with the rate at which homes are going off-market.

Month	Inventory	Percent Change Year-over-Year
February 2017	873	-6.1%
January 2017	849	-4.4%
December 2016	784	1.7%
November 2016	799	7.1%
October 2016	740	0.7%
September 2016	743	3.3%
August 2016	756	5.3%
July 2016	833	10.9%
June 2016	849	8.2%
May 2016	847	-0.8%
April 2016	931	5.0%
March 2016	879	-8.6%
February 2016	930	8.8%

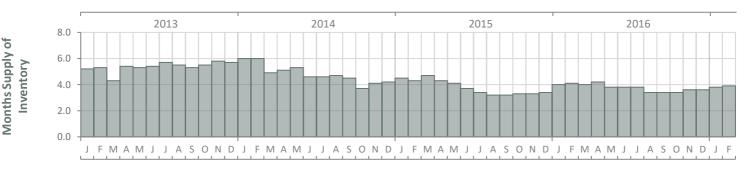


Months Supply of Inventory

An estimate of the number of months it will take to deplete the current Inventory given recent sales rates

Economists' note: MSI is a useful indicator of market conditions. The benchmark for a balanced market (favoring neither buyer nor seller) is 5.5 months of inventory. Anything higher is traditionally a buyers' market, and anything lower is a sellers' market. There is no single accepted way of calculating MSI. A common method is to divide current Inventory by the most recent month's Closed Sales count, but this count is a usually poor predictor of future Closed Sales due to seasonal cycles. To eliminate seasonal effects, we use the 12-month average of monthly Closed Sales instead.

Month	Months Supply	Percent Change Year-over-Year
February 2017	3.9	-4.9%
January 2017	3.8	-5.0%
December 2016	3.6	5.9%
November 2016	3.6	9.1%
October 2016	3.4	3.0%
September 2016	3.4	6.2%
August 2016	3.4	6.2%
July 2016	3.8	11.8%
June 2016	3.8	2.7%
May 2016	3.8	-7.3%
April 2016	4.2	-2.3%
March 2016	4.0	-14.9%
February 2016	4.1	-4.7%



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Closed Sales by Sale Price

The number of sales transactions which closed during the month

Economists' note: Closed Sales are one of the simplest—yet most important—indicators for the residential real estate market. When comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we recommend comparing the percent changes in sales rather than the number of sales. Closed Sales (and many other market metrics) are affected by seasonal cycles, so actual trends are more accurately represented by year-over-year changes (i.e. comparing a month's sales to the amount of sales in the same month in the previous year), rather than changes from one month to the next.

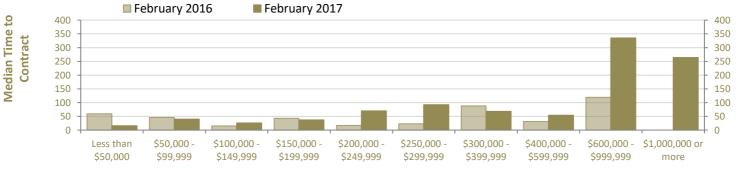




Median Time to Contract by Sale Price The median number of days between the listing date and contract date for all Closed Sales during the month

Economists' note : Like Time to Sale, Time to Contract is a measure of the length of the home selling process calculated for sales which closed during the month. The difference is that Time to Contract measures the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the signing of the contract which eventually led to the closing of the sale. When the gap between Median Time to Contract and Median Time to Sale grows, it is usually a sign of longer closing times and/or declining numbers of cash sales.

Sale Price	Median Time to Contract	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	16 Days	-72.9%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	40 Days	-13.0%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	26 Days	73.3%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	37 Days	-14.0%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	70 Days	311.8%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	92 Days	300.0%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	68 Days	-22.7%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	54 Days	74.2%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	335 Days	181.5%
\$1,000,000 or more	264 Days	N/A





New Listings by Initial Listing Price The number of properties put onto the market during the month

Economists' note: New Listings tend to rise in delayed response to increasing prices, so they are often seen as a lagging indicator of market health. As prices rise, potential sellers raise their estimations of value—and in the most recent cycle, rising prices have freed up many potential sellers who were previously underwater on their mortgages. Note that in our calculations, we take care to not include properties that were recently taken off the market and quickly relisted, since these are not really new listings.

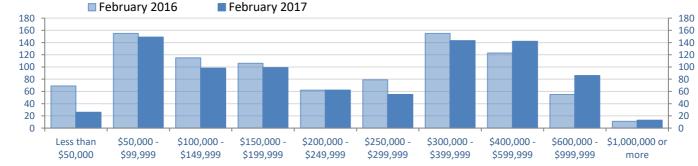
Initial Listing Price	New Listings	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	13	-40.9%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	70	11.1%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	53	3.9%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	47	-4.1%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	30	100.0%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	20	-13.0%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	47	-13.0%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	27	12.5%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	19	35.7%
\$1,000,000 or more	4	300.0%



Inventory by Current Listing Price The number of property listings active at the end of the month

Economists' note: There are a number of ways to define and calculate Inventory. Our method is to simply count the number of active listings on the last day of the month, and hold this number to compare with the same month the following year. Inventory rises when New Listings are outpacing the number of listings that go offmarket (regardless of whether they actually sell). Likewise, it falls when New Listings aren't keeping up with the rate at which homes are going off-market.

Current Listing Price	Inventory	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	26	-62.3%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	149	-3.9%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	98	-14.8%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	99	-6.6%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	62	0.0%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	55	-30.4%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	143	-7.7%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	142	15.4%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	86	56.4%
\$1,000,000 or more	13	18.2%



Produced by Florida REALTORS® with data provided by Florida's multiple listing services. Statistics for each month compiled from MLS feeds on the 15th day of the following month. Data released on Wednesday, March 22, 2017. Data revised on Monday, January 16, 2017. Next data release is Friday, April 21, 2017.

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Monthly Distressed Market - February 2017 Townhouses and Condos Brevard County



