



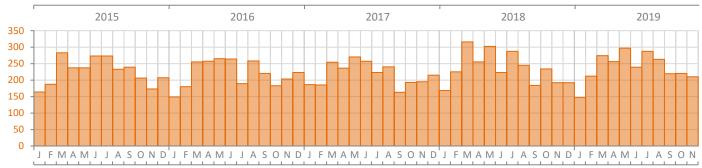
м				
	Summary Statistics	November 2019	November 2018	Percent Change Year-over-Year
	Closed Sales	210	192	9.4%
	Paid in Cash	81	96	-15.6%
	Median Sale Price	\$195,000	\$165,250	18.0%
	Average Sale Price	\$228,869	\$206,978	10.6%
	Dollar Volume	\$48.1 Million	\$39.7 Million	20.9%
	Median Percent of Original List Price Received	95.0%	94.5%	0.5%
	Median Time to Contract	38 Days	38 Days	0.0%
	Median Time to Sale	80 Days	73 Days	9.6%
	New Pending Sales	248	187	32.6%
	New Listings	281	279	0.7%
	Pending Inventory	380	359	5.8%
	Inventory (Active Listings)	804	898	-10.5%
	Months Supply of Inventory	3.4	3.8	-10.5%

Closed Sales

The number of sales transactions which closed during the month

Economists' note: Closed Sales are one of the simplest—yet most important—indicators for the residential real estate market. When comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we recommend comparing the percent changes in sales rather than the number of sales. Closed Sales (and many other market metrics) are affected by seasonal cycles, so actual trends are more accurately represented by year-over-year changes (i.e. comparing a month's sales to the amount of sales in the same month in the previous year), rather than changes from one month to the next.

Closed Sales	Year-over-Year
2,624	-0.3%
210	9.4%
220	-6.0%
219	19.0%
263	7.3%
287	0.0%
239	7.2%
297	-1.7%
256	0.4%
274	-13.3%
212	-5.8%
147	-12.5%
192	-10.7%
192	-1.5%
	2,624 210 220 219 263 287 239 297 256 274 212 147 192



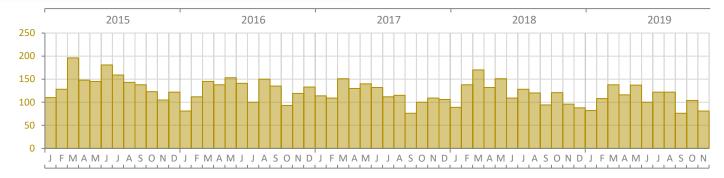


Cash Sales

The number of Closed Sales during the month in which buyers exclusively paid in cash

Economists' note: Cash Sales can be a useful indicator of the extent to which investors are participating in the market. Why? Investors are far more likely to have the funds to purchase a home available up front, whereas the typical homebuyer requires a mortgage or some other form of financing. There are, of course, many possible exceptions, so this statistic should be interpreted with care.

Month	Cash Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	1,186	-12.0%
November 2019	81	-15.6%
October 2019	104	-14.0%
September 2019	76	-19.1%
August 2019	122	1.7%
July 2019	122	-4.7%
June 2019	100	-8.3%
May 2019	137	-9.3%
April 2019	116	-12.1%
March 2019	138	-18.8%
February 2019	108	-21.7%
January 2019	82	-7.9%
December 2018	88	-17.0%
November 2018	96	-11.9%



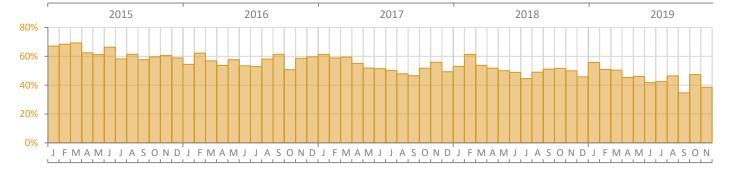
Cash Sales as a Percentage of Closed Sales

The percentage of Closed Sales during the month which were Cash Sales

Economists' note: This statistic is simply another way of viewing Cash Sales. The remaining percentages of Closed Sales (i.e. those not paid fully in cash) each month involved some sort of financing, such as mortgages, owner/seller financing, assumed loans, etc.

Month	Percent of Closed Sales Paid in Cash	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	45.2%	-11.7%
November 2019	38.6%	-22.8%
October 2019	47.3%	-8.5%
September 2019	34.7%	-32.1%
August 2019	46.4%	-5.3%
July 2019	42.5%	-4.7%
June 2019	41.8%	-14.5%
May 2019	46.1%	-7.8%
April 2019	45.3%	-12.5%
March 2019	50.4%	-6.3%
February 2019	50.9%	-17.0%
January 2019	55.8%	5.3%
December 2018	45.8%	-7.1%
November 2018	50.0%	-10.6%





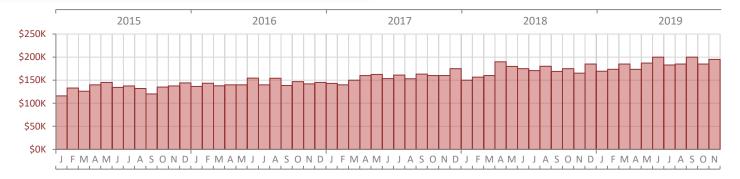


Median Sale Price

The median sale price reported for the month (i.e. 50% of sales were above and 50% of sales were below)

Economists' note: Median Sale Price is our preferred summary statistic for price activity because, unlike Average Sale Price, Median Sale Price is not sensitive to high sale prices for small numbers of homes that may not be characteristic of the market area. Keep in mind that median price trends over time are not always solely caused by changes in the general value of local real estate. Median sale price only reflects the values of the homes that *sold* each month, and the mix of the types of homes that sell can change over time.

Month	Median Sale Price	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	\$185,000	7.6%
November 2019	\$195,000	18.0%
October 2019	\$185,000	5.7%
September 2019	\$199,990	18.3%
August 2019	\$185,000	2.8%
July 2019	\$183,000	7.2%
June 2019	\$200,000	14.3%
May 2019	\$187,000	3.9%
April 2019	\$173,500	-8.7%
March 2019	\$185,000	15.6%
February 2019	\$173,500	10.9%
January 2019	\$169,400	13.0%
December 2018	\$185,000	5.7%
November 2018	\$165,250	3.3%



Average Sale Price

The average sale price reported for the month (i.e. total sales in dollars divided by the number of sales)

Economists' note: Usually, we prefer Median Sale Price over Average Sale Price as a summary statistic for home prices. However, Average Sale Price does have its uses—particularly when it is analyzed alongside the Median Sale Price. For one, the relative difference between the two statistics can provide some insight into the market for higher-end homes in an area.

Month	Average Sale Price	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	\$224,554	7.5%
November 2019	\$228,869	10.6%
October 2019	\$214,790	1.5%
September 2019	\$224,440	11.0%
August 2019	\$220,228	3.5%
July 2019	\$212,772	1.9%
June 2019	\$247,139	21.1%
May 2019	\$236,138	5.2%
April 2019	\$228,546	2.6%
March 2019	\$228,785	11.1%
February 2019	\$213,441	13.6%
January 2019	\$204,972	2.1%
December 2018	\$212,250	1.4%
November 2018	\$206,978	5.9%



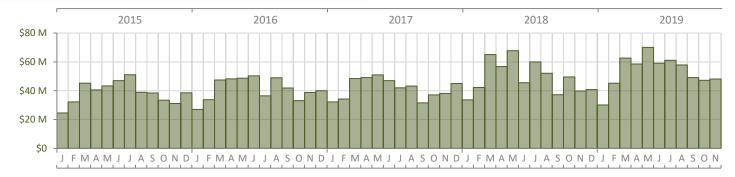


Dollar Volume

The sum of the sale prices for all sales which closed during the month

Economists' note: Dollar Volume is simply the sum of all sale prices in a given time period, and can quickly be calculated by multiplying Closed Sales by Average Sale Price. It is a strong indicator of the health of the real estate industry in a market, and is of particular interest to real estate professionals, investors, analysts, and government agencies. Potential home sellers and home buyers, on the other hand, will likely be better served by paying attention to trends in the two components of Dollar Volume (i.e. sales and prices) individually.

Month	Dollar Volume	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	\$589.2 Million	7.2%
November 2019	\$48.1 Million	20.9%
October 2019	\$47.3 Million	-4.6%
September 2019	\$49.2 Million	32.1%
August 2019	\$57.9 Million	11.1%
July 2019	\$61.1 Million	1.9%
June 2019	\$59.1 Million	29.8%
May 2019	\$70.1 Million	3.5%
April 2019	\$58.5 Million	3.0%
March 2019	\$62.7 Million	-3.7%
February 2019	\$45.2 Million	7.0%
January 2019	\$30.1 Million	-10.6%
December 2018	\$40.8 Million	-9.4%
November 2018	\$39.7 Million	4.3%



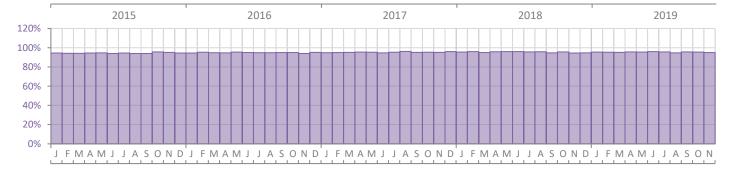
Median Percent of Original List Price Received

The median of the sale price (as a percentage of the original list price) across all properties selling during the month

Economists' note: The Median Percent of Original List Price Received is useful as an indicator of market recovery, since it typically rises as buyers realize that the market may be moving away from them and they need to match the selling price (or better it) in order to get a contract on the house. This is usually the last measure to indicate a market has shifted from down to up, so it is what we would call a *lagging* indicator.

Med. Pct. of Orig. List Price Received	Percent Change Year-over-Year
95.4%	-0.1%
95.0%	0.5%
95.5%	-0.1%
95.6%	1.0%
94.7%	-1.1%
95.6%	-0.1%
95.9%	0.0%
95.4%	-0.6%
95.6%	-0.2%
95.2%	0.2%
95.3%	-0.6%
95.5%	0.0%
94.7%	-1.3%
94.5%	-0.7%
	95.4% 95.0% 95.5% 95.6% 94.7% 95.6% 95.9% 95.4% 95.6% 95.2% 95.3% 95.5% 94.7%







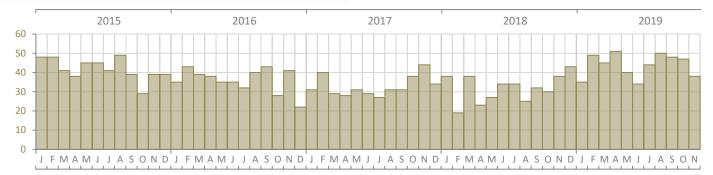
Median Time to Contract

The median number of days between the listing date and contract date for all Closed Sales during the month

Economists' note: Like Time to Sale, Time to Contract is a measure of the length of the home selling process calculated for sales which closed during the month. The difference is that Time to Contract measures the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the signing of the contract which eventually led to the closing of the sale. When the gap between Median Time to Contract and Median Time to Sale grows, it is usually a sign of longer closing times and/or declining numbers of cash sales.

Month	Median Time to Contract	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	44 Days	46.7%
November 2019	38 Days	0.0%
October 2019	47 Days	56.7%
September 2019	48 Days	50.0%
August 2019	50 Days	100.0%
July 2019	44 Days	29.4%
June 2019	34 Days	0.0%
May 2019	40 Days	48.1%
April 2019	51 Days	121.7%
March 2019	45 Days	18.4%
February 2019	49 Days	157.9%
January 2019	35 Days	-7.9%
December 2018	43 Days	26.5%
November 2018	38 Days	-13.6%





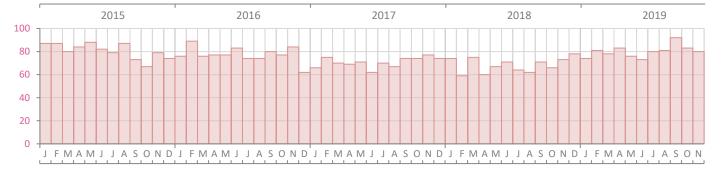
Median Time to Sale

The median number of days between the listing date and closing date for all Closed Sales during the month

Economists' note: Time to Sale is a measure of the length of the home selling process, calculated as the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the closing of the sale. *Median* Time to Sale is the amount of time the "middle" property selling this month was on the market. That is, 50% of homes selling this month took *less* time to sell, and 50% of homes took *more* time to sell. Median Time to Sale gives a more accurate picture than Average Time to Sale, which can be skewed upward by small numbers of properties taking an abnormally long time to sell.

Median Time to Sale	Percent Change Year-over-Year
81 Days	20.9%
80 Days	9.6%
83 Days	25.8%
92 Days	29.6%
81 Days	30.6%
80 Days	25.0%
73 Days	2.8%
76 Days	13.4%
83 Days	38.3%
78 Days	4.0%
81 Days	37.3%
74 Days	0.0%
78 Days	5.4%
73 Days	-5.2%
	81 Days 80 Days 83 Days 92 Days 81 Days 80 Days 73 Days 76 Days 83 Days 78 Days 81 Days 78 Days 74 Days





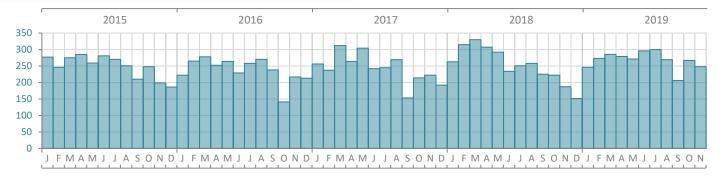


New Pending Sales

The number of listed properties that went under contract during the month

Economists' note: Because of the typical length of time it takes for a sale to close, economists consider Pending Sales to be a decent indicator of potential future Closed Sales. It is important to bear in mind, however, that not all Pending Sales will be closed successfully. So, the effectiveness of Pending Sales as a future indicator of Closed Sales is susceptible to changes in market conditions such as the availability of financing for homebuyers and the inventory of distressed properties for sale.

Month	New Pending Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	2,940	1.9%
November 2019	248	32.6%
October 2019	267	20.3%
September 2019	206	-8.4%
August 2019	269	4.3%
July 2019	300	19.5%
June 2019	296	26.5%
May 2019	271	-7.2%
April 2019	279	-9.1%
March 2019	285	-13.6%
February 2019	273	-13.3%
January 2019	246	-6.5%
December 2018	151	-21.4%
November 2018	187	-15.8%

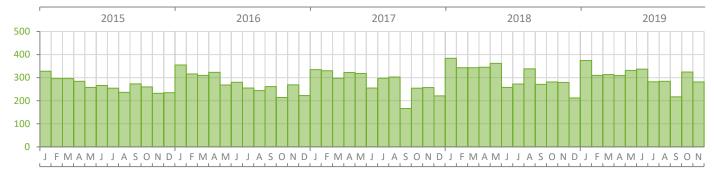


New Listings

The number of properties put onto the market during the month

Economists' note: New Listings tend to rise in delayed response to increasing prices, so they are often seen as a lagging indicator of market health. As prices rise, potential sellers raise their estimations of value—and in the most recent cycle, rising prices have freed up many potential sellers who were previously underwater on their mortgages. Note that in our calculations, we take care to not include properties that were recently taken off the market and quickly relisted, since these are not really *new* listings.

Month	New Listings	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	3,362	-3.3%
November 2019	281	0.7%
October 2019	324	15.3%
September 2019	217	-19.9%
August 2019	284	-16.0%
July 2019	282	3.7%
June 2019	337	30.6%
May 2019	331	-8.6%
April 2019	309	-10.4%
March 2019	313	-8.7%
February 2019	310	-9.6%
January 2019	374	-2.6%
December 2018	212	-4.1%
November 2018	279	8.6%



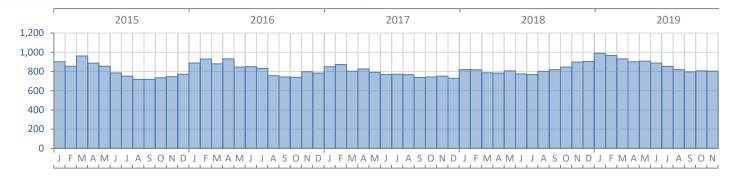


Inventory (Active Listings)

The number of property listings active at the end of the month

Economists' note: There are a number of ways to define and calculate Inventory. Our method is to simply count the number of active listings on the last day of the month, and hold this number to compare with the same month the following year. Inventory rises when New Listings are outpacing the number of listings that go off-market (regardless of whether they actually sell). Likewise, it falls when New Listings aren't keeping up with the rate at which homes are going off-market.

Month	Inventory	Percent Change Year-over-Year
YTD (Monthly Avg)	879	8.4%
November 2019	804	-10.5%
October 2019	807	-4.6%
September 2019	797	-2.7%
August 2019	819	2.1%
July 2019	853	10.9%
June 2019	888	14.6%
May 2019	908	12.5%
April 2019	902	15.1%
March 2019	931	18.3%
February 2019	967	18.2%
January 2019	989	20.6%
December 2018	904	23.8%
November 2018	898	19.6%



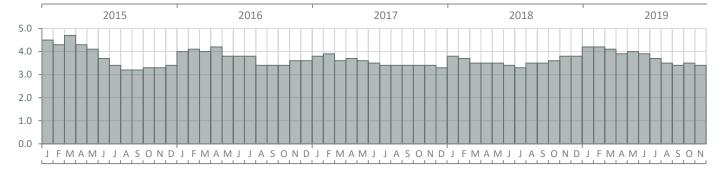
Months Supply of Inventory

An estimate of the number of months it will take to deplete the current Inventory given recent sales rates

Economists' note: MSI is a useful indicator of market conditions. The benchmark for a balanced market (favoring neither buyer nor seller) is 5.5 months of inventory. Anything higher is traditionally a buyers' market, and anything lower is a sellers' market. There is no single accepted way of calculating MSI. A common method is to divide current Inventory by the most recent month's Closed Sales count, but this count is a usually poor predictor of future Closed Sales due to seasonal cycles. To eliminate seasonal effects, we use the 12-month average of monthly Closed Sales instead.

Month	Months Supply	Percent Change Year-over-Year
YTD (Monthly Avg)	3.8	5.6%
November 2019	3.4	-10.5%
October 2019	3.5	-2.8%
September 2019	3.4	-2.9%
August 2019	3.5	0.0%
July 2019	3.7	12.1%
June 2019	3.9	14.7%
May 2019	4.0	14.3%
April 2019	3.9	11.4%
March 2019	4.1	17.1%
February 2019	4.2	13.5%
January 2019	4.2	10.5%
December 2018	3.8	15.2%
November 2018	3.8	11.8%





Median Time to Contract

Monthly Market Detail - November 2019 Townhouses and Condos Brevard County



Closed Sales by Sale Price

The number of sales transactions which closed during the month

Economists' note: Closed Sales are one of the simplest—yet most important—indicators for the residential real estate market. When comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we recommend comparing the percent changes in sales rather than the number of sales. Closed Sales (and many other market metrics) are affected by seasonal cycles, so actual trends are more accurately represented by year-over-year changes (i.e. comparing a month's sales to the amount of sales in the same month in the previous year), rather than changes from one month to the next.

Sale Price	Closed Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	1	-80.0%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	31	-26.2%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	39	11.4%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	39	39.3%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	29	7.4%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	20	66.7%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	27	8.0%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	18	28.6%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	6	50.0%
\$1,000,000 or more	0	N/A

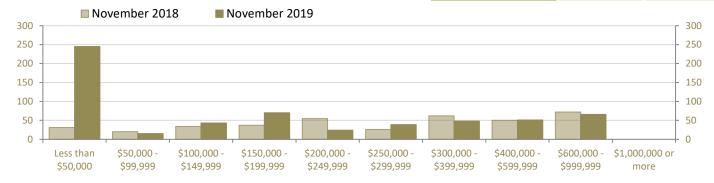


Median Time to Contract by Sale Price

The median number of days between the listing date and contract date for all Closed Sales during the month

Economists' note: Like Time to Sale, Time to Contract is a measure of the length of the home selling process calculated for sales which closed during the month. The difference is that Time to Contract measures the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the signing of the contract which eventually led to the closing of the sale. When the gap between Median Time to Contract and Median Time to Sale grows, it is usually a sign of longer closing times and/or declining numbers of cash sales.

Sale Price	Median Time to Contract	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	245 Days	690.3%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	15 Days	-25.0%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	43 Days	26.5%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	70 Days	89.2%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	24 Days	-56.4%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	39 Days	50.0%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	48 Days	-22.6%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	51 Days	2.0%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	66 Days	-8.3%
\$1,000,000 or more	(No Sales)	N/A





New Listings by Initial Listing Price

The number of properties put onto the market during the month

Economists' note: New Listings tend to rise in delayed response to increasing prices, so they are often seen as a lagging indicator of market health. As prices rise, potential sellers raise their estimations of value—and in the most recent cycle, rising prices have freed up many potential sellers who were previously underwater on their mortgages. Note that in our calculations, we take care to not include properties that were recently taken off the market and quickly relisted, since these are not really *new* listings.

Initial Listing Price	New Listings	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	0	-100.0%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	32	-30.4%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	58	1.8%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	47	17.5%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	38	-5.0%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	33	32.0%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	34	6.3%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	28	16.7%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	9	12.5%
\$1,000,000 or more	2	-50.0%



Inventory by Current Listing Price

The number of property listings active at the end of the month

Economists' note: There are a number of ways to define and calculate Inventory. Our method is to simply count the number of active listings on the last day of the month, and hold this number to compare with the same month the following year. Inventory rises when New Listings are outpacing the number of listings that go off-market (regardless of whether they actually sell). Likewise, it falls when New Listings aren't keeping up with the rate at which homes are going off-market.

Current Listing Price	Inventory	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	0	-100.0%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	49	-22.2%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	113	-16.3%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	101	-17.9%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	65	-27.8%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	83	-7.8%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	169	1.2%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	128	-3.8%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	73	2.8%
\$1,000,000 or more	23	35.3%



Monthly Distressed Market - November 2019 Townhouses and Condos Brevard County



