

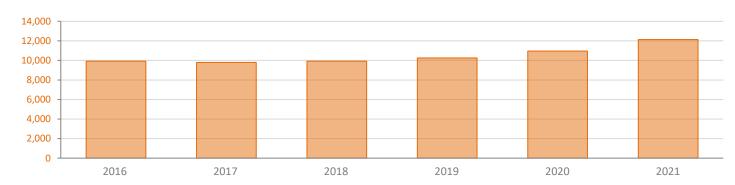


Summary Statistics	2021	2020	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Closed Sales	12,140	10,963	10.7%
Paid in Cash	3,102	2,066	50.1%
Median Sale Price	\$305,000	\$260,368	17.1%
Average Sale Price	\$371,413	\$316,109	17.5%
Dollar Volume	\$4.5 Billion	\$3.5 Billion	30.1%
Median Percent of Original List Price Received	100.0%	97.7%	2.4%
Median Time to Contract	10 Days	24 Days	-58.3%
Median Time to Sale	53 Days	71 Days	-25.4%
New Pending Sales	12,982	12,321	5.4%
New Listings	13,035	12,363	5.4%
Pending Inventory	1,522	1,384	10.0%
Inventory (Active Listings)	895	1,258	-28.9%
Months Supply of Inventory	0.9	1.4	-35.7%

Closed Sales	
The number of sales transactions which closed dur the year	ing

Economists' note: Closed Sales are one of the simplest—yet most important—indicators for the residential real estate market. When comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we recommend comparing the percent changes in sales rather than the number of sales.

Closed Sales	Year-over-Year
12,140	10.7%
10,963	7.0%
10,246	3.3%
9,917	1.2%
9,796	-1.3%
9,925	0.7%
	12,140 10,963 10,246 9,917 9,796



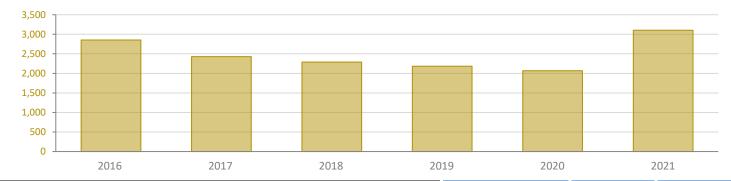
Cash Sales



The number of Closed Sales during the year in which
buyers exclusively paid in cash

Economists' note: Cash Sales can be a useful indicator of the extent to which investors are participating in the market. Why? Investors are far more likely to have the funds to purchase a home available up front, whereas the typical homebuyer requires a mortgage or some other form of financing. There are, of course, many possible exceptions, so this statistic should be interpreted with care.

Year	Cash Sales	Year-over-Year
2021	3,102	50.1%
2020	2,066	-5.4%
2019	2,184	-4.5%
2018	2,288	-5.8%
2017	2,429	-14.9%
2016	2,855	-19.1%



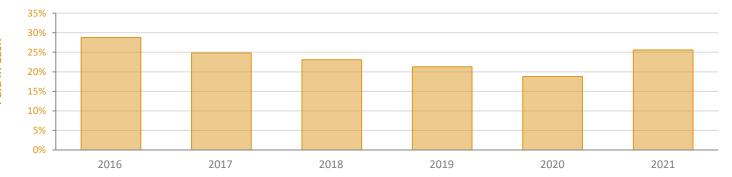
Cash Sales as a Percentage of Closed Sales

The percentage of Closed Sales during the year which were Cash Sales

Economists' note: This statistic is simply another way of viewing Cash Sales. The remaining percentages of Closed Sales (i.e. those not paid fully in cash) each year involved some sort of financing, such as mortgages, owner/seller financing, assumed loans, etc.

Year	Percent of Closed Sales Paid in Cash	Percent Change Year-over-Year
2021	25.6%	36.2%
2020	18.8%	-11.7%
2019	21.3%	-7.8%
2018	23.1%	-6.9%
2017	24.8%	-13.9%
2016	28.8%	-19.6%





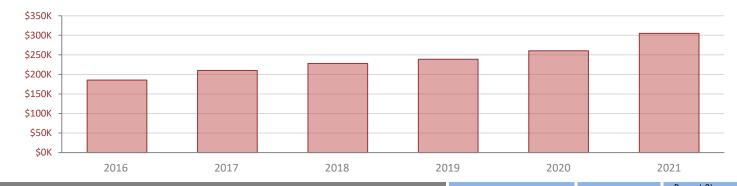


Median Sale Price

The median sale price reported for the year (i.e. 50% of sales were above and 50% of sales were below)

Economists' note: Median Sale Price is our preferred summary statistic for price activity because, unlike Average Sale Price, Median Sale Price is not sensitive to high sale prices for small numbers of homes that may not be characteristic of the market area. Keep in mind that median price trends over time are not always solely caused by changes in the general value of local real estate. Median sale price only reflects the values of the homes that *sold* each year, and the mix of the types of homes that sell can change over time.

Year	Median Sale Price	Percent Change Year-over-Year
2021	\$305,000	17.1%
2020	\$260,368	9.0%
2019	\$238,875	4.8%
2018	\$228,000	8.6%
2017	\$210,000	13.2%
2016	\$185,500	14.5%



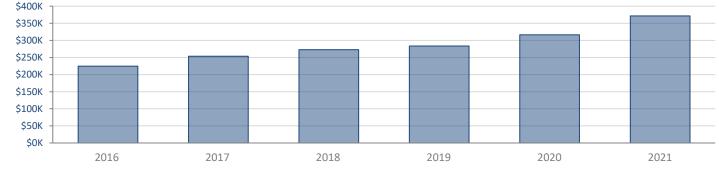
Average Sale Price

The average sale price reported for the year (i.e. total sales in dollars divided by the number of sales)

Economists' note: Usually, we prefer Median Sale Price over Average Sale Price as a summary statistic for home prices. However, Average Sale Price does have its uses—particularly when it is analyzed alongside the Median Sale Price. For one, the relative difference between the two statistics can provide some insight into the market for higher-end homes in an area.

Year	Average Sale Price	Year-over-Year
2021	\$371,413	17.5%
2020	\$316,109	11.5%
2019	\$283,419	3.9%
2018	\$272,684	7.5%
2017	\$253,626	12.9%
2016	\$224,716	12.1%



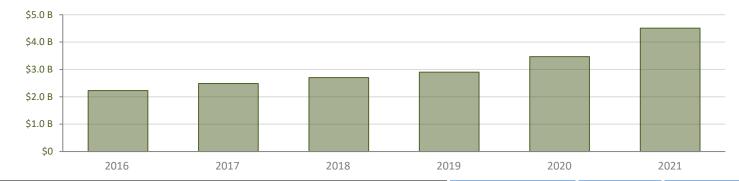




Dollar volume
The sum of the sale prices for all sales which closed
during the year

Economists' note: Dollar Volume is simply the sum of all sale prices in a given time period, and can quickly be calculated by multiplying Closed Sales by Average Sale Price. It is a strong indicator of the health of the real estate industry in a market, and is of particular interest to real estate professionals, investors, analysts, and government agencies. Potential home sellers and home buyers, on the other hand, will likely be better served by paying attention to trends in the two components of Dollar Volume (i.e. sales and prices) individually.

Year	Dollar Volume	Percent Change Year-over-Year
2021	\$4.5 Billion	30.1%
2020	\$3.5 Billion	19.3%
2019	\$2.9 Billion	7.4%
2018	\$2.7 Billion	8.8%
2017	\$2.5 Billion	11.4%
2016	\$2.2 Billion	12.8%



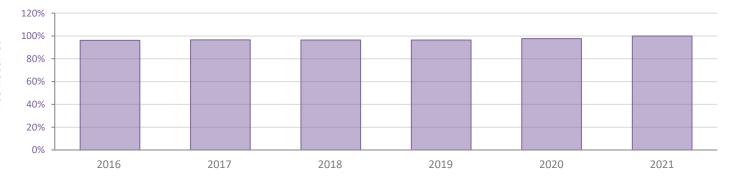
Median Percent of Original List Price Received

The median of the sale price (as a percentage of the original list price) across all properties selling during the year

Economists' note: The Median Percent of Original List Price Received is useful as an indicator of market recovery, since it typically rises as buyers realize that the market may be moving away from them and they need to match the selling price (or better it) in order to get a contract on the house. This is usually the last measure to indicate a market has shifted from down to up, so it is what we would call a *lagging* indicator.

Year	Med. Pct. of Orig. List Price Received	Year-over-Year
2021	100.0%	2.4%
2020	97.7%	1.3%
2019	96.4%	0.0%
2018	96.4%	-0.2%
2017	96.6%	0.4%
2016	96.2%	0.5%







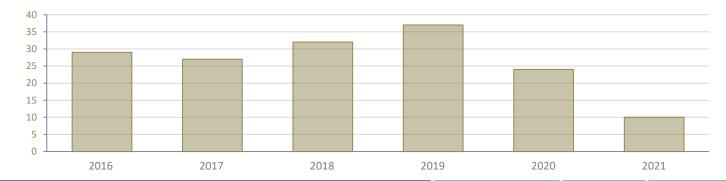
Median	Time '	to Cor	ntract

The median number of days between the listing date and contract date for all Closed Sales during the year

Economists' note: Like Time to Sale, Time to Contract is a measure of the length of the home selling process calculated for sales which closed during the year. The difference is that Time to Contract measures the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the signing of the contract which eventually led to the closing of the sale. When the gap between Median Time to Contract and Median Time to Sale grows, it is usually a sign of longer closing times and/or declining numbers of cash sales.

Year	Median Time to Contract	Percent Change Year-over-Year	
2021	10 Days -58.3%		
2020	24 Days	-35.1%	
2019	37 Days	15.6%	
2018	32 Days	18.5%	
2017	27 Days	-6.9%	
2016	29 Days	-21.6%	

Median Time to Contract



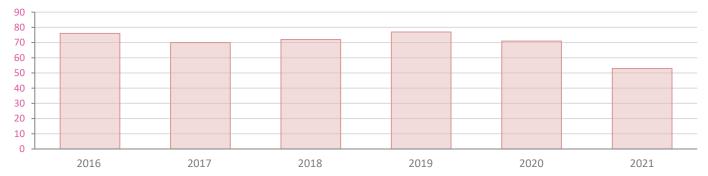
Median Time to Sale

The median number of days between the listing date and closing date for all Closed Sales during the year

Economists' note: Time to Sale is a measure of the length of the home selling process, calculated as the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the closing of the sale. *Median* Time to Sale is the amount of time the "middle" property selling this month was on the market. That is, 50% of homes selling this month took *less* time to sell, and 50% of homes took *more* time to sell. Median Time to Sale gives a more accurate picture than Average Time to Sale, which can be skewed upward by small numbers of properties taking an abnormally long time to sell.

Year	Median Time to Sale	Year-over-Year
2021	53 Days	-25.4%
2020	71 Days	-7.8%
2019	77 Days	6.9%
2018	72 Days	2.9%
2017	70 Days	-7.9%
2016	76 Days	-3.8%

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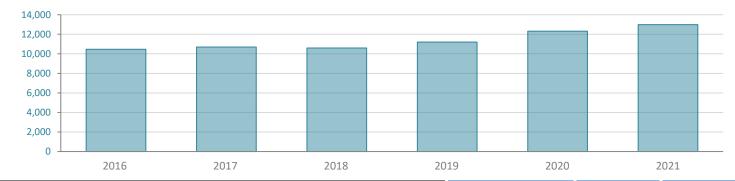




New Pending Sales The number of listed properties that went under contract during the year

Economists' note: Because of the typical length of time it takes for a sale to close, economists consider Pending Sales to be a decent indicator of potential future Closed Sales. It is important to bear in mind, however, that not all Pending Sales will be closed successfully. So, the effectiveness of Pending Sales as a future indicator of Closed Sales is susceptible to changes in market conditions such as the availability of financing for homebuyers and the inventory of distressed properties for sale.

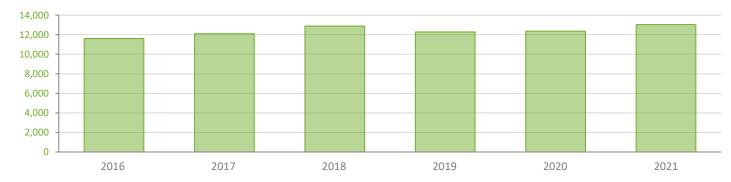
Year	New Pending Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year	
2021	12,982	5.4%	
2020	12,321	10.0%	
2019	11,202	5.8%	
2018	10,588	-1.0%	
2017	10,700	2.2%	
2016	10,472	-4.9%	



New Listings The number of properties put onto the market during the year

Economists' note: New Listings tend to rise in delayed response to increasing prices, so they are often seen as a lagging indicator of market health. As prices rise, potential sellers raise their estimations of value—and in the most recent cycle, rising prices have freed up many potential sellers who were previously underwater on their mortgages. Note that in our calculations, we take care to not include properties that were recently taken off the market and quickly relisted, since these are not really *new* listings.

Year	New Listings	Year-over-Year
2021	13,035	5.4%
2020	12,363	0.7%
2019	12,282	-4.7%
2018	12,890	6.5%
2017	12,099	4.2%
2016	11,610	0.2%



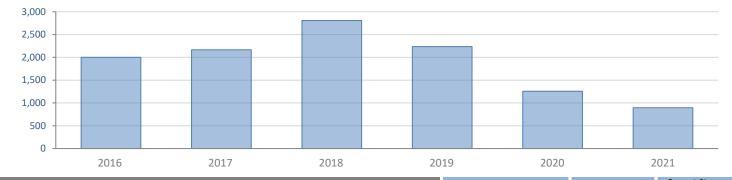
Pending



The number of property listings active at the end of the year

Economists' note: There are a number of ways to define and calculate Inventory. Our method is to simply count the number of active listings on the last day of the year, since it is the most current. Inventory rises when New Listings are outpacing the number of listings that go offmarket (regardless of whether they actually sell). Likewise, it falls when New Listings aren't keeping up with the rate at which homes are going off-market.

Year	Inventory	Percent Change Year-over-Year	
2021	895	-28.9%	
2020	1,258	-43.7%	
2019	2,235	-20.4%	
2018	2,808	29.6%	
2017	2,166	8.2%	
2016	2,002	-13.0%	



Months Supply of Inventory (Year-End)

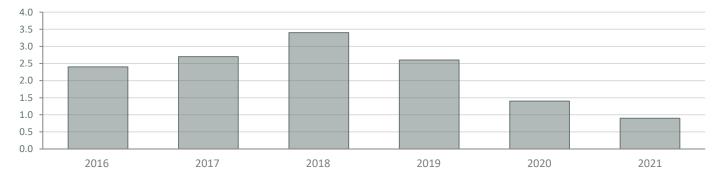
An estimate of the number of months it will take to deplete the current Inventory given recent sales rates

Economists' note: MSI is a useful indicator of market conditions. The benchmark for a balanced market (favoring neither buyer nor seller) is 5.5 months of inventory. Anything higher is traditionally a buyers' market, and anything lower is a sellers' market. There is no single accepted way of calculating MSI. A common method is to divide current Inventory by the most recent month's Closed Sales count, but this count is a usually poor predictor of future Closed Sales due to seasonal cycles. To eliminate seasonal effects, we use the 12-month average of monthly Closed Sales instead.

Year	Months Supply	Year-over-Year
2021	0.9	-35.7%
2020	1.4	-46.2%
2019	2.6	-23.5%
2018	3.4	25.9%
2017	2.7	12.5%
2016	2.4	-14.3%



nventory



Closed Sales by Sale Price

The number of sales transactions which closed during the year

Economists' note: Closed Sales are one of the simplest—yet most important—indicators for the residential real estate market. When comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we recommend comparing the percent changes in sales rather than the number of sales.

Sale Price	Closed Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	6	-70.0%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	72	-52.3%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	293	-51.9%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	1,026	-44.1%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	2,088	-7.1%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	2,299	23.5%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	2,996	46.1%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	2,132	43.0%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	941	74.9%
\$1,000,000 or more	287	81.6%

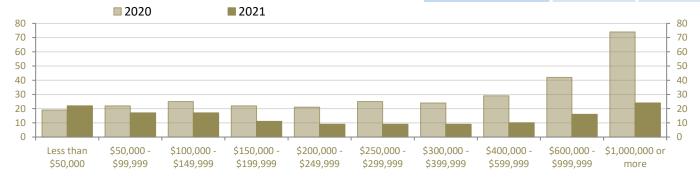


Median Time to Contract by Sale Price

The median number of days between the listing date and contract date for all Closed Sales during the year

Economists' note: Like Time to Sale, Time to Contract is a measure of the length of the home selling process calculated for sales which closed during the year. The difference is that Time to Contract measures the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the signing of the contract which eventually led to the closing of the sale. When the gap between Median Time to Contract and Median Time to Sale grows, it is usually a sign of longer closing times and/or declining numbers of cash sales.

Sale Price	Median Time to Contract	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	22 Days	15.8%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	17 Days	-22.7%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	17 Days	-32.0%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	11 Days	-50.0%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	9 Days	-57.1%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	9 Days	-64.0%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	9 Days	-62.5%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	10 Days	-65.5%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	16 Days	-61.9%
\$1,000,000 or more	24 Days	-67.6%



Median Time to Contract

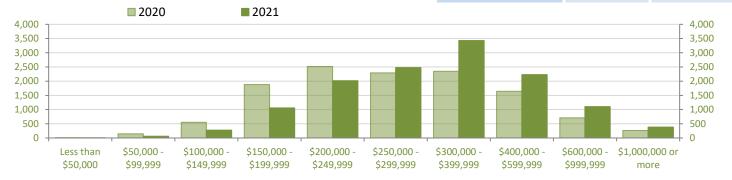


New Listings by Initial Listing Price

The number of properties put onto the market during the year

Economists' note: New Listings tend to rise in delayed response to increasing prices, so they are often seen as a lagging indicator of market health. As prices rise, potential sellers raise their estimations of value—and in the most recent cycle, rising prices have freed up many potential sellers who were previously underwater on their mortgages. Note that in our calculations, we take care to not include properties that were recently taken off the market and quickly relisted, since these are not really *new* listings.

Initial Listing Price	New Listings	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	4	-66.7%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	62	-58.1%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	275	-50.3%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	1,058	-43.8%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	2,015	-19.8%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	2,478	8.1%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	3,431	46.2%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	2,228	35.4%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	1,101	55.7%
\$1,000,000 or more	383	45.6%

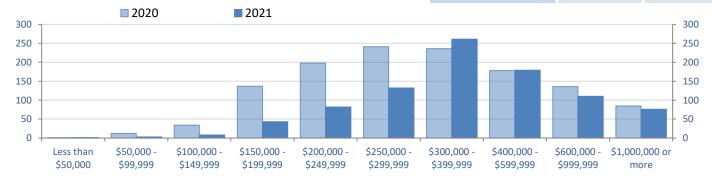


Inventory by Current Listing Price

The number of property listings active at the end of the year

Economists' note: There are a number of ways to define and calculate Inventory. Our method is to simply count the number of active listings on the last day of the year, since it is the most current. Inventory rises when New Listings are outpacing the number of listings that go offmarket (regardless of whether they actually sell). Likewise, it falls when New Listings aren't keeping up with the rate at which homes are going off-market.

Current Listing Price	Inventory	Percent Change Year-over-Year	
Less than \$50,000	1	0.0%	
\$50,000 - \$99,999	3	-75.0%	
\$100,000 - \$149,999	8	-76.5%	
\$150,000 - \$199,999	43	-68.6%	
\$200,000 - \$249,999	82	-58.6%	
\$250,000 - \$299,999	132	-45.2%	
\$300,000 - \$399,999	261	10.6%	
\$400,000 - \$599,999	179	0.6%	
\$600,000 - \$999,999	110	-19.1%	
\$1,000,000 or more	76	-10.6%	



Yearly Distressed Market - 2021 Single-Family Homes Brevard County



2021



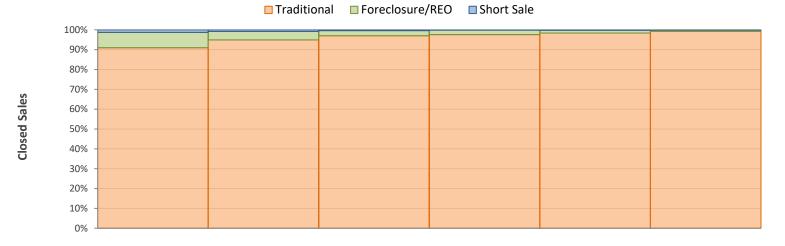
2016

2017

		2021	2020	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Traditional	Closed Sales	12,053	10,782	11.8%
Traditional Media	Median Sale Price	\$306,140	\$263,000	16.4%
Foreclosure/REO	Closed Sales	66	155	-57.4%
i dieciosule/iveo	Median Sale Price	\$228,000	\$157,500	44.8%
Short Sale	Closed Sales	21	26	-19.2%
SHULL SAIR	Median Sale Price	\$207,450	\$175,000	18.5%

2020

2019



2018

